

JAPS COMMAND
ENTIRE HARBORHeavy Fighting Going On at Port Arthur
This Afternoon.

ANOTHER RUMOR OF ITS CAPTURE

Mikado's Troops Can Now Sweep the Entire Harbor---
Have Captured the Points Which
Are Prominent.

[Special by Scripps-McRae.]
Rome, Nov. 30.—A dispatch to the Giornale di Roma from Tokio says the fall of Port Arthur is expected today. The Russian prisoners declare Stosel is determined the fortress shall not be taken by assault and everything is now ready for a retreat to the Lioatshan and Tigers Tail. The non-combatants are left behind and compelled to throw themselves on the generosity of the Japanese. The dispatch adds fire has been raging for two days past at various points in Port Arthur, which has been like a furnace. At London a rumor was current on the stock exchange this morning that Port Arthur had fallen. It has not been confirmed.

Two Hundred and Three Meter hill commands the innermost recesses of the harbor. From it the Japanese can at leisure destroy the Russian warships and raze the town. The position commands the most important of the undamaged Russian positions. It serves as a barrier to the last line of Stosel's retreat to the ravines of the Laot mountain. Its capture, according to the correspondent and to well-informed Japanese here, sounds the knell of Port Arthur's doom.

It is taken to mean that the garrison now faces unconditional surrender or annihilation.

Fearful Slaughter of Men.
Gen. Nogai's success has been won at frightful cost. Bennett Burleigh telegraphing to the Daily Telegraph from Cheloo declares that in the last terrific assault the Japanese lost 4,000 men in a single hour's fighting.

"Desperate fighting is proceeding daily," this correspondent adds, "and the losses are excessive. The Japanese insist that Port Arthur must fall within twenty-one days."

Bennett Burleigh does not claim to have positive information of the capture of Two Hundred and Three Meter hill by the Japanese. In his dispatch he states that the Japanese claim to have captured two more of the northeastern forts, and a third which is part of the West Keekwan fort. They claim to have effected a lodgment at Pigeon bay, thus turning the feet on Two Hundred and Three Meter hill.

After all, and they are now tunneling from the gorge below Laot hill, which they hope first to damage and then to rush.

Attack Falls Is One Report.
While the report of the Standard's correspondent at Tokio announcing the capture of Two Hundred and Three Meter hill is received with the fullest credence, it is utterly unsupported by a dispatch from the Express correspondent at Tokio who claims to have information that the general assault on the eastern Port Arthur forts has been stopped by Gen. Nogai.

"Gen. Nogai," this correspondent declares, "has transmitted a lengthy account of Saturday's and Sunday's operations to the general staff, which as yet remains unpublished save for a discreet summary describing the capture by the Japanese of the outer positions before the Sungshushan forts. The sappers are again at work, and from all indications there will be another period of inactivity before the besiegers continue their attempts to take the fortress by storm. I am informed that General Nogai practically admits that the attack was not as successful as had been anticipated. The Japanese are beginning to watch the movements of the Baltic fleet with some concern."

Assault Is Abandoned.
The dispatch to the Express is somewhat substantiated by a report from Tokio to the Berlin Tagliche Rundschau asserting that the Japanese assault on the fortress was abandoned on Nov. 28 because, though large breaches had been made in the Sungshu, Rihlung and Keekwan forts, the Japanese were unable to enter on account of the heavy fire from the outer forts and the resistance of the garrisons.

Dispatches from St. Petersburg, however, take the gloomiest view of the situation. The official announcement given out in Tokio regarding the progress made by the besiegers and the gains made on Two Hundred and Three Meter Hill and the Sungshu mountain positions is accepted in the Russian capital as indicative of confidence that success is in sight for Gen. Nogai.

DEER SEASON IS
AT AN END NOWThree Days Left in Which to Ship
Their Game to Their
Homes.

The 1904 open season for deer closes tomorrow, but hunters will be allowed to ship their game for three days after the close of the hunting season. The lack of snow continues in the woods. Less than 2,500 shipping tags have been received, and the shipments will not pass 4,000.

DIRECTOR IS LIABLE
FOR ILLEGAL DIVIDENDSupreme Justice Clarke of New York
Holds Him Responsible to Stock-
holders for Large Sum.

New York, Nov. 30.—Alexander M. Curtiss of Buffalo, a director of the American Mailing company of New Jersey, has been held by Supreme Court Justice Clarke to be liable in the sum of \$1,087,074 to the stockholders of the company for dividends illegally declared paid by the board of directors, between July 15, 1898, and Oct. 15, 1899. The interest exceeds \$300,000, bringing the total to over \$1,400,000. This is probably the largest individual judgment rendered in the courts of this country for many years. Incidentally, every one of Curtiss' fellow directors is equally liable. The other directors are Charles M. Warner of Syracuse, Grant B. Schley of Moore & Schley, Elverson B. Chapman, George F. Neidlinger, Seymour Scott and Charles A. Stadler. Suits have been begun against each of them. Mr. Curtiss will undoubtedly carry the judgment up on appeal.

Archibald A. Hutchins and Victor K. McIlhenny, Jr., plaintiff stockholders, brought suit for themselves and other stockholders. The company was joined as plaintiff. Justice Clarke says that that was good cause for action under the precedents of the state corporation law of New Jersey. He refused to entertain the claim of the directors that they were merely anticipating future profits by declaring dividends.

Buy It in Janesville.



Uncle Sam—Say, Mr. Democratic Party, why are you always abusing everything, for you like mighty well to put your feet under the extension table and have three square prosperity meals a day?

MANY ATTEND THE
DAIRY SCHOOLSwiss Cheese Makers from Green
County Taking the Course
at University.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Madison, Wis., Nov. 30.—The work of the winter term of the dairy school of the University of Wisconsin, which began on Nov. 2, is progressing, and there are now some 125 students in attendance. Among the students in attendance this year is a delegation of Swiss cheese makers from Green county. The new assistants for the winter term are: F. W. Laabs of Colby, Wis., cheesemaking; H. C. Jordan of Kewaunee, Wis., cheesemaking; R. W. Roberts of Oshkosh, Mich., creamery separators; Iver Bergstrom of Glen Flora, Wis., creamery separators; H. W. Quinby of Fall River, Wis., dairy machinery; W. E. Clark of Stevens Point, milk testing laboratory.

WILL CONTEST THE BARBER LAW

Kenosha Mayor, Under Arrest, to
Fight Wisconsin Measure.
Kenosha, Wis., Nov. 30.—Mayor James Gorman of this city, who was arrested on a charge of violating the state barber law, has ordered his attorneys to bring a suit to test the constitutionality of the law. The case has been dismissed for a week. Mayor Gorman makes sensational charges against M. W. Whitaker of Janesville, secretary of the state board.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

A. L. C. Atkinson, secretary of the territory of Hawaii, was tendered a dinner in New York at the Lotus club. John G. A. Leishman, American minister to Turkey, arrived in New York on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II.

Richard Swartz, engineer, and William Noodley, fireman, were fatally burned by the bursting of a steam pipe in the Bryant Paper mill at Kalamazoo, Mich.

Orders have been received for the resumption of the Struthers plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate company, employing 450 men, at Youngstown, O.

Judge Heard in the circuit court at Sterling, Ill., denied Billy Myers, the alleged slayer of Mayor Bennett of Thompson, a charge of venue. The case will be tried Monday.

Roland B. Rigor and Lee B. Mooney were sentenced by Judge Burke of Baltimore to fifteen years' imprisonment for holding up an electric car and shooting the conductor.

The Lackawanna county commissioners offered a reward of \$2,000 for the capture of the murderer of Mrs. John Warner, who was killed and assaulted in Scranton, Pa., Saturday. Joseph F. White, the messenger of the New York state treasurer's office, charged with the murder of Mrs. Josephine Russell in a store near the capitol in Albany, was held without bail.

An indictment for murder in the first degree was returned against Frank Felton, charged with fatally shooting Guy Roelke Thanksgiving night in New York. He will plead to the indictment today.

WILLIAM MURPHY
IS SENT TO JAILFormer Milwaukee Alderman Is Given
a Year's Sentence for
Grafting.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-MCRAE.]
Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 30.—William Murphy, a former alderman, was sentenced to a year in the house of correction charged with grafting eighty dollars for a sidewalk ordinance in 1899.

A BANKING FIRM
IS IN TROUBLEFailure of a Notable Firm Reported
in London—Liabilities
Are Large.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-MCRAE.]
London, Nov. 30.—The Evening Star says the London and Paris Exchange, a large banking and brokerage firm, closed its doors and are in serious difficulties. The liabilities are five millions.

MILTON JUNCTION IS
NOT TO INCORPORATEProposition of Creating the Village
Was Voted Down 124 to
98 Yesterday.

Yesterday the proposition to incorporate Milton Junction into a village was voted down 124 to 98. The "blind pig" men were said to be hostile to the movement as well as those who feared a rise in taxes. All chances of consolidating Milton and Milton Junction during this generation at least, will now have to be abandoned, according to those who had hoped that this consummation might some day be realized.

WHEAT CROP IS RUINED
BY THE LONG DROUGHTWater Is Sold at a Premium in In-
diana, Stock Growers Being Forced
to Dispose of Cattle.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 30.—With most of the smaller streams of the state and hundreds of wells and cisterns dry, pastures parched and one-half of the wheat crop ruined by a drought that has continued for over six weeks, the farmers of Indiana are facing a serious proposition. Water is being sold at a premium in many places and stock-rangers who are away from the large streams are being forced to sell their cattle at a sacrifice.

Not for thirty years has such a serious drought been experienced in Indiana, and it is causing prices of dairy products to soar. Farmers near rivers and large creeks are not in such desperate straits as those who have to depend upon small creeks and spring wells for their supply of water. In some places water is being hauled for miles.

An instance of the value of water has come to notice in Clark county, where one farmer who owned a large pond of fresh water sold it to a neighbor for \$250.

The Missouri Society of the City of New York at its fourth annual meeting elected Henry Wollman president.

BADGERS WANT A
PROPER COACHCoach McCornack of Northwestern
Is in Madison Looking
Field Over.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Coach McCornack of the Northwestern university when asked about his offer to coach the University of Wisconsin team next year said: "I am going up to Madison tonight, but not on any football business whatever. I have received some informal letters from football men, but no authorized offer has been made. I have another year's contract with Northwestern and will coach there or nowhere. It is near to my home and I want to stay there until I can solve the toughest proposition in football—that of giving them a winner. Northwestern has backed me to its fullest capacity and that capacity is growing."

STATE NOTES

The Rev. Father F. J. Fliss of St. Mary's church, Portage, and the Rev. Father James Brady of St. Joseph's church, Berlin, have exchanged pastorates. Father Fliss succeeded the Rev. Father M. H. Clifford a few weeks ago.

On Sunday, Dec. 4, Capt. and Mrs. Lawrence A. Eason of Racine will celebrate their golden wedding, with relatives and a few intimate friends. Capt. Eason is one of the oldest and best known lake captains living.

Secretaries of Young Men's Christian associations of southern Wisconsin, embracing Milwaukee, central, Milwaukee, railroad, Waukesha, Racine and Kenosha, held a conference at Racine yesterday to discuss matters pertaining to work.

State Commissioner of Banking Bergh has examined and approved articles of incorporation for a new state bank at Hubbard, Clark county. The capital is \$5,000. The incorporators are John Butler, Rosina Babler, and Charles H. Sanders.

The police of Kenosha have received a large number of complaints against a man who is alleged to have hauled from Chicago and who posed as a salesman for a big Chicago grocery firm. When the women examined parcels they purchased from him they found they were filled with bricks.

The government investigation of Chinese residents in the northwest extended to Superior on Tuesday, and Hor Gok is in the city jail as the result. He was found in a laundry, and failed to show the proper certificate to entitle him to residence here. It is said he will be deported.

Owing to changed conditions, the farmers' institute scheduled for Prentice, Price county, Dec. 20 and 21, will be held at Anthonia, Gates county, on the same dates.

George Gross of Green Bay dropped dead in the house of his daughter, Mrs. Fred Elze. Examination proved that heart failure was the cause. Gross was 72 years old.

Fred Owens, living near Waupun, a former resident of Plainfield, committed suicide by hanging. He was 50 years old. He was a son of Ross Owens of Plainfield.

Mrs. J. Clark, residing with her son in Wayne, Washington county, has been killed by falling down the cellar stairs, her neck and both collar bones being broken. She was about 75 years old.

While gathering scattered grain for his chickens, H. M. Hauser of Green Bay, about 65 years old, was caught between the bumpers of two freight cars and received abdominal injuries from which he died.

NON UNION MEN
REACH ZIEGLERState Troops Used as Escort to Laborers Who
Are To Take Places in Stockade.

THE SITUATION IS CRITICAL TODAY

Militia Were Shot at by Strikers as They Came to the
Leiter Strip--Gatlings Now Guard
The Grounds.

Duquoin, Ill., Nov. 30.—Twenty-six foreigners from the east were escorted into Leiter's mining town of Ziegler Tuesday by a company of militia. No attempt at interference was made by the union miners, but Mr. Platt, Leiter's personal manager on the ground, declares that bloodshed must inevitably have resulted had the non-union men not been under the protection of the troops.

Mr. Platt and William Morris, representing the union miners, disagreed radically as to the facts of the firing on the town of Ziegler, the former declaring that the strikers are undoubtedly responsible, and the latter asserting that not one gun has been fired by a union man, and that all the firing on the town that has been done has been done by shooting ordered by Leiter in order to create an appearance of anarchy and thereby secure protection by the state militia at state expense.

At the same time Morris denies that there is any occasion for the militia at Ziegler, and asserts that violent actions constitute no part of the plans of the strikers.

Like a Fortified Town.
The feeling between strikers and Leiter's men grows more bitter daily. While Ziegler is not cut off from the world at present to the extent that it was last summer, it more than ever resembles a fortified town. Especially is this true every night after sunset. Two machine guns are mounted in a tower and on a parapet, a great searchlight is turned on, and soldiers take their places around the walls, prepared to resist any attack made during the night, and to return the fire of sharpshooters who for several nights back have, according to Platt, terrorized the non-union men within the town and made them afraid to seek their beds.

Bushwhacking at Night.
There is an extraordinary difference of opinion which extends through the surrounding counties as to the extent of the night firing and where the responsibility lies.

Mr. Platt said: "Our employees have been reduced to a state of terror by the bushwhacking which has become a nightly occurrence. Stockade and property have been fired upon repeatedly, and there has been one murder, which I have no hesitancy in saying was the work of union miners on strike and in accordance with the plans of the organization which holds control over the strikers."

Justified Call for Troops.
"We have been repeatedly threatened with personal injury, and we were warned that our plant would be dynamited. I with one of our employees was fired upon by strikers last Friday night while returning from West Frankfort, where he had taken Mr. Leiter to the train. On some nights hundreds of shots have been fired from the surrounding woods. The rapid fire guns have replied whenever the location of the attackers could be found. We appealed to the sheriff of this county for protection and two companies of militia came in response to his request for help."

Representatives of the strikers declare emphatically that there is falsity in every claim made by Leiter's supporters. William Morris of Duquoin, who is head of the United Mine Workers in southern Illinois and the executive in authority at Ziegler, said: "I deny absolutely that any union men have had the least thing to do with the firing said to have occurred in the vicinity of Ziegler. It is my belief that what firing has occurred was done at the instigation of Leiter."

EIGHT HOUR LAW GETS A
VERY HARD RAP IN COURTSNew York State Court of Appeals Says It Is
Unconstitutional--Much Discus-
sion Over It.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-MCRAE.]
Albany, N. Y., Nov. 30.—In a decision Tuesday the New York state court of appeals declared unconstitutional the labor law which prohibits a contractor from employing his men more than eight hours a day on city, county, or state work. Since its enactment in 1897 this statute has been almost continually before the courts.

Other phases have been passed upon, but this is the first time the court of appeals has expressed its views flatly on the eight-hour provision.

The decision was in an action brought by Harry Cossey to compel payment by the city of New York of \$28,215 for six sewers manufactured for the street cleaning department. Payment was refused on the ground that he had violated the terms of his contract in employing men over eight hours a day.

Held Law Unconstitutional.
Judges O'Brien, Martin and Vane hold the law is unconstitutional in that it deprives an individual of property without due process of law. Chief Judge Cullen, with Judge Werner concurring, makes the decision one of precedent. Judge Haught alone dissented.

Chief Judge Cullen takes the ground that the law is unconstitutional.

"I fear that the many outrages of labor organizations, or of some of their members, have not only excited just indignation, but at times have frightened courts into plain legal inconsistencies and into the enunciation of doctrines which, if asserted in litigation arising under any other subject than labor legislation, would meet scant courtesy or consideration."

Former Decision Controls.
Judge Cullen says, comparing the two cases:

"This difference in circumstances would not justify a distinction in principle and therefore the decision in the Rogers case must control the disposition of the present case unless the Rogers case has been overthrown by subsequent cases in this court or in the supreme court of the United States."

In his conclusion the chief judge says:

"I fear that the many outrages of labor organizations, or of some of their members, have not only excited just indignation, but at times have frightened courts into plain legal inconsistencies and into the enunciation of doctrines which, if asserted in litigation arising under any other subject than labor legislation, would meet scant courtesy or consideration."

**COCKREL VISITS
WITH ROOSEVELT**

Missouri Senator Is To Be Offered a
Place at Gift of the
President.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-MCRAE.]
Washington, Nov. 30.—Senator Cockrell of Missouri called at the White House this morning and had a long talk with President Roosevelt over an offer of a position on either the Panama canal commission or Interstate commerce commission. He will probably select the later.

Fred C. Whitney, the well-known theatrical manager, is critically ill at his home in New York from pneumonia.

TWO EXPLOSIONS
KILL SEVERALPowder in Each Case Wrecks the
Buildings and Kills Em-
ployees.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-MCRAE.]
Sharon, Pa., Nov. 30.—By an explosion of a can of blasting powder today one man was killed outright and several others badly injured, two of whom may die. The men were engaged in blasting rock.

Another Explosion.
Nenah, Ohio, Nov. 30.—By an explosion in the press mill at the Mill and Powder works, five miles north of here, at seven-thirty this morning, Matthew Smith was killed and three other workmen badly burned.

QUARLES APPEARS TO LEAD THE LISTS

THE PRESENT UNITED STATES SENATOR SEEKS ELECTION.

GENERAL TALK ON SUBJECT

Appears To Have a Good Working Start Over His Opponents on the First Joint Ballot.

Already the question of who is to be the next United States senator from Wisconsin to succeed Joseph V. Quarles is disturbing the politicians of the state. While it is conceded that the last election gave the administration a majority of the working republican members of the next legislature, still it is possible that Senator Quarles will be elected to succeed himself. It is claimed by those who are carefully watching the affairs at Madison that Senator Quarles will lack but twelve or fifteen votes of re-election when the joint ballot comes; that in order to defeat him all the other candidates must combine. A. R. Hall has already withdrawn from the race, leaving the field composed of Judge Webb, Congressman Cooper and Esch and Senator Quarles. Of these four, Senator Quarles, it is claimed, has a large proportion of the members already pledged.

Webb's Position
Members of the Superior bar association at a meeting last evening contended that the candidacy of Judge Webb under the existing laws was impossible. They contend that article 7 section 10 of the Wisconsin statutes covers the case fully. The article referred to is as follows:

Article VII, section 10, Wisconsin constitution:

Each of the judges of the supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than \$1,500 annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of 25 years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen. In State v. Sutton, 65 N. W. Rep. 262, it was held that disability does not cease until the expiration of the full period of time constituting the term.

In People v. Board of Canvassers, 129 N. W. 260, it is held that one holds such an office as renders him ineligible to the office of judge in seeking votes, and electors violate it in voting for him.

Other Complications

Meantime other complications have arisen. If the primary goes into effect at once, as many believe, Senator Quarles has already laid his wires for the position. Attorney General Sturdevant is now at work preparing a decision as to this matter which will soon be made public. Recently he gave a decision that it did go into effect at once but later withdrew it to study the matter more closely. It is confidentially stated, however, at Madison that the result of the first joint ballot will show surprising strength for Senator Quarles and that but twelve or fifteen votes to win over him is surely elected. G. E. Vanderveer says in The Milwaukee Sentinel this morning:

"If the selection of a senator depended upon the highest number of votes a candidate received in a party caucus, there could be no question whatever about the election of Senator Quarles, for his present strength far exceeds the known strength of all other candidates combined. In the state senate the Quarles men claim the support of Senators Bird, Hagemaster, Johnson, Rogers, Roehr, Eaton, Wolf, Whitehead, Beach, Kreutzer, and Wright. It is asserted that the vote of the senators named can be counted for Senator Quarles without any question whatever and that there are several other senators who favor his election. In the assembly among the sure Quarles votes claimed are Assemblymen Burdett, Clausen, Reynolds, Everett, Scott, Durand, Brooks, Ledvina, Marguhart, Thieme, Hagen, Baker, Norcross, Hanson, Harburt, Ragatz, Helnecke, Johnson, and Eldridge. In addition to these the Quarles men claim the votes of fourteen other members of the assembly whose support of the senator is none the less certain or steadfast.

"Supporters of Senator Quarles who have carefully canvassed the situation, claim that in addition to the above list of senators, three and possibly four names can be added. They assert that Mr. Quarles will have from fifty-two to fifty-five votes at the outset, and with this assured strength standing for his re-election, there can be no question of the result. So far as the Quarles strength in the senate is concerned, it is stated that the lineup is now definitely known, and many members of the assembly whose preferences have been consid-

ered doubtful have declared in favor of the senator's re-election.

Senator Quarles' Lead
"Sixty-seven votes in the senatorial election are necessary to a choice, and with the great lead Senator Quarles has over all other possible candidates, his supporters regard his election as certain. Upon the basis of 113 republicans in the legislature, according to present estimates, Senator Quarles has fifty-two votes; Judge Webb was certain and claimed twenty; Congressman Cooper five, and Congressman Esch ten, making a total of eighty-seven votes distributed among the present field of candidates. The preferences of twenty-six members are still undetermined as to particular candidates, but generally are counted in favor of Gov. La Follette or some administration candidate, other than those in the field. According to the claims of the Quarles men, they lack only twelve or fifteen votes of the number required to elect and believe that the necessary additions will come to their column early in the campaign.

"The strength of the Quarles position, it is claimed, lies in the fact that in order to elect a senator selected by Gov. La Follette and the administration leaders, every so-called administration vote must be lined up in support of such a plan. This the Quarles men assert is impossible because of the fact that there are a number of administration men who are supporting Senator Quarles for re-election and who are pledged to him.

Includes Administration Men
"In addition to these members, there are a considerable number of senators and assemblymen who are supporting other candidates, and who are classified as administration men, who will, under no circumstances, be driven into the support of a possible dark horse. The claim is made by Quarles men that the administration by no means has a sufficient number of votes on joint ballot to elect a senator, and they also deny the possibility of handling the members upon the senatorial election, according to the desires of the leaders. In a number of instances well known administration men are under pledge to vote for Senator Quarles, and since election the list of his active and aggressive supporters has constantly been increasing.

"The supporters of Senator Quarles believe that as the contest progresses the facility of efforts to unite upon a particular candidate brought into the field by the administration will be apparent to all, and that their lead in votes, far exceeding the strength of any other candidate, will command the final support of members listed for others on the preliminary lineup. This development, they contend, is far more likely than the centralization of its votes upon some particular candidate, and thus control the election. The Quarles men even deny that the administration will have the necessary votes to carry the election, even though they have the power to concentrate upon some particular candidate."

EXPERT RIFLEMEN TO GET MORE PAY

Sharpshooters to Be Encouraged in the Regular Army by Increase in Wages.

A proposition is to be submitted to Congress asking for an increase in the pay of soldiers in the infantry and cavalry branches who qualify for expert sharpshooters and expert riflemen. The great value of a soldier who can hit what he shoots at over one who cannot, is so self-evident that it seems very strange Congress has not already recognized this fact to the extent asked for by those who propose to present the proposition to that body. In hand-to-hand conflicts, weight of numbers tells, but with battles fought at from five hundred to two thousand yards, a thousand expert marksmen are worth ten times their number who can only fire at random. No one can dispute the fact that an expert rifleman or sharpshooter would be qualified as a skilled laborer in civil life if he possessed an equal amount of skill in any other trade. Of course, the proposed increase in pay will require legislative action, but no better investment can be made by Congress in the allotment of public funds than that which would make the position of the soldier more attractive to the intelligent and industrious young men of this country and that which makes it worth while for the soldiers to do their best with their weapons.

To have delicious brown cakes for breakfast, it is only necessary to visit Mrs. Austin's Pastry Shop. All groceries sold.

SENT DESCRIPTION OF AN OVERCOAT THIEF

Darlington Police Inform Local Officers of a Man Believed to Be Headed This Way.

Darlington police yesterday sent to Acting Chief Brown of this city a description of an overcoat thief who has been conducting extensive operations on the clothing-store dummies in that town. He is believed to be headed in this direction.

Buy it in Janesville.

EDGERTON POTTERY PLANT IS TO BE MOVED TO ROCKFORD

Sampson & Ipsen, Proprietors, Have Received Good Proposition From Illinois City.

Sampson & Ipsen who have been conducting the Norge Pottery works at Edgerton for the past year have accepted a proposition to move the plant to Rockford. The change will be made early in January.

Mrs. Austin's Pastry Shop, made from the three great staples of life: wheat, corn and rice.

ELGIN BUTTER MARKET (Special Telegram.)

Elgin, Ill., Nov. 25.—Butter—129 tubs offered; 25c bid, but no sales; market firm at 25c; output, 67,200 lbs.

Buy it in Janesville.

SLEIGHING FOR CHRISTMAS DAY

WHAT REV. IRL HICKS PREDICTS FOR DECEMBER.

COLD WEATHER NEW YEAR'S

Earth Will Be Farthest Away From Sun at Midnight on Last Day in December.

Reverend Irl Hicks has not a word for the man who is looking for warm weather and according to his forecast for December there will be little let up in the present cold spell and in opening his survey of the month he says, "December has in store for most parts of the country and for many parts of the Earth, some, if not many of the severest of winter storms. The first storm period is reactionary from the last period in November and is central on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd. The Vulcan reaction, the Mercury disturbance, the Venus Equinox, with the moon in the zodiac on the celestial equator are the causes of storm disturbances at this period. By the first there will be a well defined change to falling barometer, warmer weather and areas of rain will be advancing from the western extremes. During the 2nd and 3rd these storms will make their transit eastward over the country. A change to colder with rain turning to snow and to sleet will follow on the western side of these disturbances with a high barometer and northwesterly gales. Freezing weather will prevail generally after these storms.

Second Storm Period
From the 5th to the 10th the Vulcan storm period extends. The Vulcan, Mercury and Venus Equinoxes are all near their centers together at this time. The moon is in conjunction with the earth and sun, or at its new on the 5th and at its extreme declination on the 8th. Added to all these the earth is not only entering the winter solstice perturbation but is at the point in her orbit when an annual crises is reached in magnetic and electrical phenomena arising from the peculiar angle made on and about the 11th by the sun's equator and the earth's south pole. It may be expected that there will be a change to much warmer in the west by the 6th barometer will begin falling in all western sections early in the period and from the 6th to the 10th general rains will move eastward over the country in the front part of the storm centers. In the west and north-west tangents, rains will turn into snow and sleet with strong possibilities of a December blizzard. If the weather should be warm or bright at the beginning of this period especially if the barometer is at a very low reading, there will be almost certain dangers of severe winter storms to follow. No one should be thrown off his guard by open weather, or the delay of the storm developments. While electrical storms are probable at the first, a sudden and sweeping change to much colder, covering everything with ice and sleet, and bringing a wave out of the northwest may be looked for.

Navigation Becoming Perilous

On the 12th, 13th and 14th, the third storm period, reactionary, is central. Winter solstice, the center of the Venus Equinox and the culmination of the Mercury period, the Vulcan reaction, with the moon at first quarter, in apogee and on the celestial equator are all the disturbing elements at this time. The probabilities are that very rough and unsettled weather will continue after the receding period, but a change to warmer, with falling barometer and more decided storms of rain or snow may be counted on the 12th to the 15th. Should blizzards result, described in connection with the second period, materialize at such times, danger of such results will be all the greater at and about the third period. The blending of so many causes all through this part of the month may bring heavy squalls and storms even outside of the normal storm periods. Navigation on the Atlantic at this and other storm periods of December will be perilous.

Cold on Christmas Day

The fourth storm period is regular and extends from the 17th to the 22nd, being central on the 19th. The Vulcan and Venus Equinoxes combine with the central part of the winter solstice at this time. The full moon also reaches its extreme north declination on the 22nd, the date on which the earth comes to its turning point in its circuit, bringing the shortest day and the longest night. Taking the whole northern hemisphere over a maximum of boreal storms and rough weather will be reached about this period. If accurate and prompt reports could be received from all points on land and sea, all around the northern hemisphere, it would really appear that winter storms had attained general sway as we pass this crisis in the winter solstice. As we enter this period, general storm indications will appear, and barometer will fall, the temperature will rise, cloudiness will gather over wide areas and precipitation will begin in the form of rain. From the 19th to the 22d these rains will spread over the country eastward, while in all eastern and northern parts of the country, snow and sleet will follow rain. The culmination of these storms will assume the character of blizzards in many parts of the country. A rapid rise in the barometer and high, cold gales from the northwest will bring up the rear of these storms, sending a December cold wave into most parts of the country by Christmas time.

Winter Felt All Over

Centering on the 25th and 26th the fifth storm period will come and under the combined pressure of the winter solstice, Vulcan reaction and Venus disturbances may be expected to prolong and quicken the general perturbations prevailing through this part of the month. It will be natural for squalls and storminess to continue in a general way from the preceding, but this tendency will thicken into more decided storms of wind and snow on and about the 25th and the 26th. By the

end of this period the whole of the country will have felt a touch of winter and severe winter storms will have been reported from the high seas and many sections of the globe.

Extends into New Year

The year will end up in the midst of a series of storms and changing to colder. The period extending from the 25th into the opening days of January is the sixth regular period of December. The Vulcan Equinox with moon at the last quarter, and on the celestial equator on the 29th, blend with the opposition of Uranus, the inferior conjunction of Mercury, and the Earth's Perihelion at this period. On the last day of the month and year, exactly at midnight it is at its nearest approach to the sun. About the 29th the barometer will fall again and the temperature will rise, and as the north goes out more storms of rain and snow will be moving eastward over the country. These storms will wind up in the opening days of January 1905, and be followed by a regular change to colder.

...LINK AND PIN...

News for the Railroad Men.

North-Western

Fireman Haack is on the Fond du Lac freight No. 319.

Engineer A. L. Wilcox is laying off.

Engineer L. E. Pruner and Fireman Woodruff took engine No. 1135 out of here yesterday.

Henry Richter is back at his position today as stationary engineer.

General

Traffic officials of railroads running eastward from Chicago and St. Louis say there has been a further increase in tonnage during the past week in both directions. None of the big lines is able to meet the daily demand for cars, and have given up the idea of being able to do so during the remainder of the winter. Iron and steel mills are contributing a vast amount of freight. The coal mines are furnishing a heavy tonnage and industries of all kinds are now making a strenuous effort to keep pace with the increasing demand for goods. The western railroads are also showing a steady increase in traffic and consequent gain in gross earnings. The grain movement is comparatively light, but there is a big increase in shipments of merchandise, lumber, coal, iron, steel, and manufactures generally.

Dun's Review says: "The later statements of railroad earnings show some improvement, but the improvement is not very marked, and if analysis is made of the returns it is doubtful if the volume of traffic on the railroads of the country is now relatively any greater than it was two months ago. The fact is, the report for November up-to-date, is scarcely as good as for the corresponding period in October. Total gross earnings of all leading railroads of the United States reporting for the two weeks of November are \$12,156,233, a gain of 6 per cent over last year. Practically the same roads for the first two weeks of October reported an increase of 8.6 per cent and for September 5.7 per cent."

The automatic block signal as a means of preventing railway wrecks will be discussed again at the May convention in Washington of the international railway congress which has had the subject under consideration for twenty years. It was discussed at Brussels in 1885, at St. Petersburg in 1892, at London in 1895 and at Paris in 1900. The St. Petersburg congress thought the automatic signal then rather imperfect and unreliable and would not endorse it. This conclusion was revised at London and more positively at Paris. The reports from Washington will show the progress made since August, 1899, in perfecting and introducing the automatic apparatus. It is believed they will show in America 16,000 signals protecting 10,000 miles of track. The installation of the automatic signal has been going forward rapidly in this country of late and it is believed that the Washington congress will declare this its practicability and reliability have been thoroughly established.

While running the stub train from Afton to Elgerton, the conductor took up a ticket which was tendered for passage between Footville and Magnolia, on which the date was 21 years ago last June. The passenger had doubts about the value of the ticket at the present date, but was quickly informed that the ticket was as good as gold.

President Hays says there is no truth in the report that the Grand Trunk Pacific has absorbed or will absorb the Canadian Northern railway. The Grand Trunk Pacific will carry out its contract with the Canadian government and will build the third transcontinental line in Canada.

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Alton, Jacksonville & Peoria, capital stock \$10,000. The purpose is to construct a road from Alton to Peoria with branches from Alton to Graff, Jerseyville to Hardin and Jerseyville to Carlinville.

The contract has been let to a Pittsburgh firm for furnishing \$1,415,000 worth of new steel ore cars for the Duluth and Iron Range and Duluth, Mpls and Northern roads.

Mrs. James York Was Hostess at Card Party

Entertained at Euchre at Her Home on Center Avenue Yesterday.

Sixteen ladies enjoyed a euchre party at the home of Mrs. James York on Center avenue yesterday afternoon. The prizes were carried off by Mrs. Charles Manning, Mrs. W. T. Dooley, and Mrs. James McCaffrey. Tempting refreshments were served at the conclusion of the playing.

POTATO VERSUS THE SUGAR BEET

The Michigan Farmer Says Beets Are More Profitable at All Times Than Tubers.

Mr. Colon C. Little writes in the Michigan Farmer of November 12, that "Should the price for this crop of potatoes rule low there will probably be a larger area devoted to sugar beets next year than this. When potatoes rule above 40 cents per bushel they are thought by many to be a better crop, that is, more profitable than beets; but when potatoes get down to 20 or 30 cents sugar beets are on top. Upon most land suitable for beets or potatoes, 200 bushels of potatoes is a splendid yield. A great many more farmers fall below this than rise above it, but if we figure on 200 bushels at 25 cents it will give us an income of \$50 per acre. Ten tons of beets can be grown as readily as 200 bushels of potatoes, and we are sure of \$5 per ton, or \$50 per acre. Then the beet tops are worth considerable for cattle food. But, besides this, there is no risk in growing the beets so far as prices are concerned. The price is made before the beets are grown.

"In a year like this the price of potatoes is liable to fall below 25 cents; in fact, even now they are selling for 25 cents all through northern Michigan. I have seen potatoes sell for 15 and even 10 cents per bushel, and once or twice in my life there was in our country actually no market for them. These are conditions that hurt in any business. There is not the risk in beets that there is in potatoes. It is safe and sure, and if the farmers who live where they can market them, and who have a soil suitable for their profitable growth, would grow more of them it would help out their brother farmers who have a special potato soil and who cannot make a success of beets.

"With a good stand, good land, and thorough culture there is not much difficulty in securing a yield of more than ten tons; 12 to 15 tons are commonly grown, and as we learn more and more about growing them ten tons will become a small yield rather than an average yield.

"I am of the opinion that the cost of growing beets is no more per acre than the cost of growing potatoes. Some probably will take issue with me on this question, but I believe I am right. I am sure the harvesting can be done as cheaply and the thing will cost no more than the extra cost of planting and weeding. Growing potatoes is such a matter of fact business in this country that the cost of growing them is scarcely considered by growers. But every item of expense is figured against the beet crop."

SMALL CURRENCY GETTING POPULAR

West Becoming More Like East in That Dollar Bills Are Used More Than Silver.

Dollar bills are replacing silver dollars, gold is little cared for, and a large amount of small coin is being used here according to the statement of the bankers of this city. The market difference in the kind of money used in the different sections of the country, especially the east and west, is fast disappearing say the men of the banking houses, and the money in circulation in this part of the country is more like that of the east than ever before.

"The time was when it was easy to determine from what part of the country a man came," said one of the cashiers yesterday to a group of men with whom he was speaking. "If he wanted \$1 and \$2 bills, it was a sure sign that he was from the east. If he asked for silver, it was ten to one he was from Iowa, and if he asked for the yellow metal it was almost certain he was a westerner, especially from along the coast line. The same is partially true to day with some men from the Pacific coast, but the man in the middle west is using more small bank notes than ever before."

This fact is borne out by the merchants and many of them can be seen at night when they are figuring up their day's business, going through a stack of small denomination currency and when it is rolled up it looks like a horse racer's roll and there may be only a few hundred dollars in the lot.



Mask Ball

GIVEN BY THE A. O. U. W. ASSEMBLY HALL. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6TH. Liberal Cash Prizes will be Given.

CLARK BROS. Pattern Makers

INVENTIONS PERFECTED.

MYERS GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Peter L. Myers, Manager Telephone 609

TONIGHT.

Broadhurst and Currie

Presents THE NEW AND UP-TO-DATE MUSICAL FARCE

RUDOLPH and ADOLPH

A LAUGHING SHOW ONLY NEW, BRIGHT AND BREEZY

PRICES—Orchestra and first two rows orchestra circle, 75c; balance orchestra circle, 50c; first four rows balcony, 25c; remainder balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Sale opens Wednesday at 9 o'clock.

Myers Grand Opera House PETER L. MYERS, Manager. Telephone 609

THREE NIGHTS OPENING THURSDAY, DEC. 1.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, and SATURDAY MATINEE at 2:30

10TH Annual TOUR of the FAMOUS

KENNEDY PLAYERS

THE 'STRONGEST AND MOST PERFECT DRAMATIC ORGANIZATION TOURING AT POPULAR PRICES

Headed by the Popular Comedian

MR. JOHN J. KENNEDY.

OPENING THURSDAY NIGHT IN THE GREAT DRAMA

Another Man's Wife.

A Carload of Special Scenery

Bewildering Electrical and Mechanical Effects

Finest Costumes That Money Can Buy

A Complete Company of SPECIALTY PEOPLE.

POPULAR PRICES: 10, 20 & 30 Cts.

Special Coupon—This coupon will admit any lady to the best seat in the house Monday evening.

Free of charge if accompanied by one paid 30 cent ticket if bought at the advance sale before 6 p. m. Thursday.

Your Dental Work Must Be.....

Painless.

There are various degrees of PAINLESS WORK IN DENTISTRY. Some do the best they can but even they cannot do the work without hurting if they do not have the proper appliances.

We use the

WILCOX JEWETTE OBTUNDER

for such work as grinding teeth for crowning or removing the nerve. The instrument distributes chlorine, anesthetic to all sensitive parts of the tooth and gum which renders the work absolutely without pain.

Your teeth should be examined. We request that you call any time for consultation and advice, which is always cheerfully given.

WHITCOMB DENTAL PARLORS.

Suite 304 Jackson Bldg. Both 'Phones

The Best is None too GOOD.

The finest candies known to skilled confectioners are sold in our two stores.

GUNTER'S AND ALLEGRETTI'S FAMOUS CHOCOLATES

Fancy boxes and bulk goods. Suggestions for the holidays at

ALLIERAZOOK'S

No. 1 East Milwaukee St.

And 305 S. Main Street.

Sewing Machines Repaired by an Expert

There is no need of sending your machine away for repairs. I fix any machine made and guarantee the work absolutely. Forty-three years' experience. I also furnish parts and supplies and will rebuild any machine. Don't be humbugged by outsiders. I have lived in Janesville 33 years and will be here all winter.

Write or call

W. G. MAHANEY

205 South Bluff Street

Cut Flowers

Roses, Carnations and Chrysanthemums.

Boston & Pierson Ferns, Palms and Potted Plants

DESIGN WORK

DOWNS FLORAL CO.

252 Prospect Ave. Both Phones

Suits To Order

Over 500 Latest Patterns. Union-made. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN WEISS.

Look for the Penn. Oil Wagon—the one with the male team.

THIS INDEPENDENT OIL WAGON PASSES YOUR DOOR EVERYDAY.

LENNOX OIL and GASOLINE

Is Guaranteed the Cleanest, Cleanest, Brightest, Burning Oil Made.

—Out of the Trust—

VALVOLINE OIL CO.

Fred Elson, Agent

New Phone 816 No. 4 Augusta St.

Badger Coal Co.

Office: 103 North Academy St.

Both Phones 76.

Without a good supply of coal? If so, better fill your bin NOW with our coal at \$8.75 per ton.

Did the First Cold Snap Catch You

Badger Coal Co.

Office: 103 North Academy St.

Both Phones 76.

Without a good supply of coal? If so, better fill your bin NOW with our coal at \$8.75 per ton.

Did the First Cold Snap Catch You

Badger Coal Co.

Office: 103 North Academy St.

Both Phones 76.



It seems to be the general opinion that charity should begin at some body else's home,

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
Daily Edition—By Carrier
One Year.....\$6.00
Six Months.....3.00
Three Months.....1.50
One Year, cash in advance.....5.00
Six Months, cash in advance.....2.50
Three Months, cash in advance.....1.25
Daily Edition—By Mail
CASH IN ADVANCE
One Year.....\$4.00
Six Months.....2.00
Three Months.....1.00
One Year—Retail delivery in Rock Co. 3.00
Six Months—Retail delivery in Rock Co. 1.50
Three Months—Retail delivery in Rock Co. 0.75
Long Distance Telephone, No. 77-2
Business Office.....77-2
Editorial Rooms.....77-3



Fair tonight and Thursday; warmer Thursday.

The world moves and we must move with it. Several years ago when the Union Pacific first ran trains across the great western plains the wild buffaloes attacked them and endeavored to retard their progress. Trains are familiar sights today to the wild animal inhabitants of the mountains and plains. So has advancement revolutionized other things. A century ago the merchant who was not content to simply wait for business to come to his store sent out a crier with bell and placard, today he speaks through the press about his wares and their worth.

THE MAN BRYAN.

William Jennings Bryan is a remarkable character. He is not only irrepressible, but he possesses the intelligence and ability to interest a following which represents in large majority the rank and file of the old democratic party.

While unable to entirely control the St. Louis convention, he dictated in large degree the platform he worked during the campaign he worked faithfully and enthusiastically for a ticket in which he had no confidence, so far as success was concerned.

When the campaign closed and overwhelming defeat engulfed the party he was the only prominent leader who possessed the elasticity to come to the surface with hope and courage undaunted.

Today he is the busiest man in the country. He knows what all democracy and he proposes to redeem the party single handed and alone if necessary. He has already outlined the campaign of 1908, and his enthusiasm inspires hope in the hearts of his old time followers, and prompts men like Tom Haggart of Ohio to swear allegiance.

Mr. Bryan says very emphatically that the gold wing of the democratic party can no longer control its policy, or influence its actions. He serves notice on this element of the party to get out and ally itself with the republican party where it belongs.

The issues of the next campaign, as they appear to his vivid imagination, will be corporate wealth against the common people, or the classes against the masses, and he, of course, expects to head the masses.

Mr. Bryan is a reformer of phenomenal type, and he is clear headed enough to discover that reform is in the air. Half a dozen states have recently elected reform governors, on issues similar to those outlined by Mr. Bryan. The nation is threatened with an experience of reform, and whether practical or impractical it is an issue that must be met and intelligently handled.

What is left of the democratic party in 1908 will be the Bryan element. It will be supplemented by the disaffected element of the republican and other parties, and is likely to be a strong aggregation. It will remain for conservative people of every political faith, to join hands to save the nation from a reign of fanaticism and misrule.

Mr. Bryan is an honest, conscientious man, and all the more dangerous on that account. His theories in practice, would result in socialism in less than four years, and the foundation of the republic would be destroyed. The nation is slow to learn the lessons of prosperity. It is difficult for the masses to realize that corporate wealth and labor are hand maids. When the railroads are prosperous, agriculture and the industries are alike prosperous.

In 1893, during the free trade administration, 76 railroads in the United States were in the hands of receivers, and thousands of factories were idle. The country was flooded with tramps, and suffering in a land of plenty was not uncommon.

Today every man who is willing to work, finds employment at good wages, and capital keeps the wheels in motion.

The spirit of interest in largely masquerading under the guise of reform, and that is where the danger lies. This spirit is encouraged by educators and teachers, and while the nation is prosperous, it is also in a critical condition. There are several leaders of the Bryan class. It is a good time to exercise common sense.

CATALOGUE HOUSES.
It seems that the hardware trade is much troubled by what it calls the "catalogue house question." says the Commercial Union, and is seeking through its national association some means of saving the jobber and the retailer from the consequences of the competition of "mail orders." The "catalogue houses" are those

which have intervened between the manufacturers and consumers, when they are not the manufacturers themselves, and by means of advertising and the distribution of elaborate illustrated catalogues invite orders by mail for a great variety of goods, which they ship or cause to be shipped directly to the home buyer. Obviously this is calculated to crowd out the old class of "middlemen," the jobber, who lays in his stock from the manufacturer and sells to the retailer and the latter, who has his own local customers, or at least to encourage seriously upon their domain. But it is equally obvious that there is no help for it, unless these intermediary traders can find some way to meet the requirements of consumers with equal advantage and convenience.

This trading by mail is by no means limited to hardware, but includes all kinds of goods, and is included in by manufacturers, by special "catalogue houses," by department stores and by many large retail establishments in the cities, and it is likely to increase rather than diminish. By extensive advertising and sending out catalogues the character of goods and prices are brought directly to the attention of consumers and orders by mail are invited. It is an easy way of trading for the buyer, and if the expense is less than the profits of middlemen it may be cheaper. It is pretty sure to flourish if the widely scattered customers are assured of getting what they want at less cost and with less trouble than by trading with local dealers. If honestly conducted, it is entirely legitimate, and if not, will ruin itself. It lessens the cost of exchange and transference between producer and consumer. It is an economic advantage and will not be prevented in order to give jobbers and retailers the profit of handling the goods.

Much of this mail order business is sure to be permanent, but a good deal of it depends upon whether the intermediary traders can, by their enterprise and wide-awake methods, vie with the "catalogue houses" in reaching customers and supplying them with what they want at as low a cost.

There is only one effective way to meet this kind of competition and that is by persistent advertising through the columns of the local press. Janesville enjoys the reputation of being the best dry goods market in southern Wisconsin. Why? Because the merchants in this line are persistent advertisers. The city could gain the same reputation on every line of goods if the same policy was adopted.

The stocks of goods are just as complete as can be found in any city and yet there are some lines in which never invest a dollar in publicity. This is an injury to the business, and to the city as well. The Gazette reaches to 10,000 readers in the county. Per-

sistent and intelligent use of its columns will produce results in any line of business, with as much certainty as the best catalogue ever published. If you have any ambition to increase your business the Gazette is in shape to help you do it. Let the people know what you have to sell, and what it is worth, and trade will follow.

A German court-martial has decided that a soldier may parry a deadly blow struck at him by a superior officer, but the court plainly does not think it would be nice of him to do so.

German military regulations will not seem perfect to some martinet until a rule has been adopted requiring a soldier who is struck by a drunken superior officer to apologize for being struck.

There is talk of enacting an ordinance forbidding a man who is intoxicated to run an automobile. No doubt the petition for the injunction to restrain the enforcement of this measure will be ready as soon as the ordinance is passed.

Presently we shall hear from St. Petersburg that the Port Arthur garrison burned up all that coal simply to demonstrate that it had an unlimited supply on hand.

It is easy to foresee what will be the New York theater managers' next effort in the way of "elevating the stage" if Nan Patterson is acquitted.

"Mr. Dove" is not out of danger by any means. There is always the possibility that in a movement of inadvertence he may give himself up.

While the prize steer at the fat-stock show is lovely to look at, the average man will not feel like mortgaging his home to buy a slice of him.

As a result of having a student in San Francisco is suffering from paralysis. Civilization progresses slowly and then only in spots.

The American helmsman who refused to pay \$70,000 for a count may have Gen. Nogi it is said has been ordered to take Port Arthur as any cost. That is a little like telling a man with no money to buy himself a dinner regardless of the price.

There are many things to be done this next summer by the council. There should be no hesitancy about making permanent improvements on the streets.

Janesville claims to be as hustling a city as Madison yet Madison has eleven policemen, a patrol wagon a buggy for the chief and now wants more police.

reasoned that this was an overcharge of \$69,999.70.

Even if that is all we get, the weather department certainly was good to us in the matter of Indian summer.

The council has decided to take the advice of "Old Fogey" and go slow on the selection of the next city marshal.

President Roosevelt is probably right in declining to regard the cabinet as a sort of free-lecture bureau.

Senator Quay is not wasting any time in making ready the primary law to be declared effective.

Winter blast seem to have come with a vengeance. That goose certainly told the truth.

Naturally it is no easy matter to correct "Mr. Dove" when there are so many of him.

You still have a few weeks to forget what you intended to buy for Christmas.

Briefly stated, Secretary Shaw approves of a tariff reduction of 99.99 per cent.

Does not Stoenkel know that his surrender has been officially decreed at Tokyo?

At last the Court street bridge is finished and has been accepted.

Let the council now consider a bridge across the river at Racine St.

Russia still wonders what sort of people the Japs really are.

General Stoenkel still regrets to report.

GUESTS OF MANAGEMENT AT THE MANTELLI PRODUCTION

Students at the State Institute for the Blind Enjoy the Musical Treat.

Students from the State Institute for the Blind were the guests of the management of the Mantelli Operatic company and Manager Myers at the musical production last evening. They were driven to and from the concert in carriages and enjoyed the delightful musical treat that was given them through the kindness of the management.

CHICAGO MARKETS

From B. W. Frank & Co., 4204 Jackson Block, Janesville.

G. Scarcell Resident Manager.
Wheat..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Corn..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Oats..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Rye..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Barley..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Clover..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Hops..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Flax..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Soybeans..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Cotton..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Wool..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Lard..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Tallow..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Butter..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Eggs..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Honey..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Sugar..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Molasses..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Cocoa..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Vanilla..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Cinnamon..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Cloves..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Nutmeg..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Pepper..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Tea..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Coffee..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Rice..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Wheat..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
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Nutmeg..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Pepper..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Tea..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Coffee..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2
Rice..... 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2 1.00 1/2

CORN—				
May.....	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Dec.....	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
CATTLE—				
May.....	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Dec.....	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
PORK—				
Jan.....	12 7/8	12 7/8	12 7/8	12 7/8
May.....	12 9/16	13 1/8	12 5/8	13 1/8
LARD—				
Jan.....	7 5/8	7 5/8	6 7/8	7 1/8
May.....	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4
RIBS—				
Jan.....	6 7/8	6 7/8	6 5/8	6 5/8

HOW CANDIDATES DISBURSED CASH

SIX HAVE FILED THEIR ELECTION EXPENSES.

THIRTY-SEVEN DELINQUENT

Office-Seekers in Rock County Have But Eight Days in Which to Comply with Law.

There remain after today, just eight more days of grace for the delinquent candidates for office and candidates for nomination for office. In all parties, to file with the county clerk the list of their expenses, if any; and in cases where no expense was incurred—a declaration to that effect. Section 4543 of 1898 says in part: "Every person who shall be a candidate before any convention or at any election for any state, county, city, township, district, or municipal office, or for member of the legislature of this state, or for senator or representative in the congress of the United States shall, within thirty days after the election held to fill such offices, make out and file with the officer empowered by law to issue the certificate of election to such office or place, and a duplicate thereof with the register of deeds for the county in which such candidate resides, a statement in writing, which statement and duplicate shall be subscribed and sworn to by such candidate before an officer authorized to administer oaths, setting forth in detail all sums of money contributed, disbursed, expended, or promised by him and, to the best of his knowledge or belief, by any other person or persons in his behalf, wholly or in part, in endeavoring to secure or in any way in connection with his nomination or election to any such office or place, or in connection with the election of any other person at said election, and designating the dates when and the persons to whom, and the purposes for which, all sums were paid, expended, or promised." For the violation of this law a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$500 is provided.

Few Have Complied
Up to last evening only five candidates for office and the treasurer of the Rock county republican committee had complied with the law. The treasurer of the democratic county committee had made no report. Treasurer W. W. Clarke, reports contributions of \$50 from nearly all of the republican candidates for county and state offices and \$75 from Wallace Cochrane, the newly elected sheriff. The receipts plus the balance of \$209.20 remaining from the previous campaign, amounted to \$719.20. The other side of the account shows disbursements for printing, bands, ball rental, postage, speaker's expenses, living expenses, etc., amounting to \$612.50, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$106.70.

Cigars Et Cetera

Peter Christensen, candidate for sheriff on the social democratic ticket, avers that his expenses were nothing. J. C. Goodrich, democratic candidate for register of deeds, declares that he paid to P. J. Mount, chairman of the democratic county committee, the sum of \$5 to be used in furthering the interests of the candidates. Ward A. Stevens, successful candidate for register of deeds, declares that his total expense was \$100.27. His contribution to the committee is figured in and besides this there are appropriations of \$25.50 for living hire, \$21.75 for railroad fare, \$12.50 for cigars, \$21.25 for hotel bills, and \$29.84 for incidentals. W. O. Newhouse, the district attorney-elect, expended \$163.64. Ten dollars of this went for printing and postage, \$9.50 for living hire, \$12.50 for railroad fare, \$4.15 for hotel bills, eighty cents for telephone messages, ten dollars for cigars, \$2.85 as his share for entertaining delegates to the county convention—expenses pooled, and \$2.50 for a dinner for delegates and friends. The regular campaign contribution is figured in.

New Sheriff's Account

Sheriff-elect Wallace Cochrane says that he expended \$107.75. Besides his campaign contribution there are the following items: Railroad fare to Orfordville, \$2.96; railroad fare to Evansville, \$9.00; railroad fare to Edgerton, \$10.56; railroad fare to Beloit, \$5.60; railroad fare to Lima, \$3.26; railroad fare to Clinton, \$4.68; hotels, \$19; cigars, \$10; incidentals, printing and election expenses, \$16.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

O. E. S. Study Class: The O. E. S. Study class will meet with Mrs. E. T. Fish, 355 Ravine street, at 2:30 Thursday afternoon.

Knocked Down by Horse: While crossing Milwaukee street at the intersection of Main yesterday afternoon, the little daughter of Peter Newnes was knocked down by a horse driven by John Drew. She escaped with a few bruises.

Meet Tomorrow: The King's Daughters of the Baptist church will meet tomorrow morning at nine o'clock for work. Please dinner will be served twelve.

Meet Tonight: The Woman's Missionary society of the Presbyterian church will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Pleasant Dinner: Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dixon, residing near Brooklyn, gave a dinner party in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Austin Hawley, Seneca, Pa. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Van Wormer of Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Van Wormer, daughters Alice and Anna, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Van Wormer, daughter Hazel, all of Evansville; Mr. and Mrs. Whaley, sons Percy and Charlie of Janesville. After dinner was served the party adjourned to the parlor where the afternoon was spent in music and games, and the party came only too soon. The program was closed by singing "God be with you till we meet again."

Laurel Lodge, Degree of Honor, sewing circle will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. J. Bick, 305 Cherry street. All members are requested to be present.

DAYS OF BILLS ARE FORGOTTEN

Barnum & Bailey and Ringling's Make Very Queer Propositions.

WERE PRESENTED WITH A VERY HANDSOME RUG

Thirty Friends Surprised Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clifton on Wedding Anniversary.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Clifton were surprised by thirty friends at their home on Gore street Monday evening, the occasion being the tenth anniversary of their wedding. After a bountiful supper had been served the evening was devoted to high kluge, prizes being awarded Mrs. Homer Paul, William L. Sherman, David Brown and Mrs. W. L. Sherman. Before departing the guests presented Mr. and Mrs. Clifton with a handsome rug.

THE WEATHER

Temperature last 24 hours taken from U. S. registered thermometer at Belmont's drugstore: highest, 26 above; lowest, 12 above; ther, at 2 p. m., 26; at 7 a. m., 18; wind, northwest; pleasant.

FUTURE EVENTS

Musical farce "Rudolph and Adolph" at Myers theatre Wednesday evening, Nov. 30.
Oriental Lodge No. 22, Knights of Pythias, gives dance at Central hall, Thursday evening, Dec. 1.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Men's coats, 37c. Lowell's.
Pawnee Oats, 2c. Nash.
See a portion of the 420 pound Crawford cheese which is now cut at Lowell's.
Pawnee Oats, 2 for 15c. Nash.
Big 4.
H. G. mince pies. Nash.
Big 4 auction.
H. G. mince meat. Nash.
The very finest line of art silver smoking sets for gentlemen at Flecks. Crown patent floor, \$1.50. Nash.
Special sale for ladies, Big 4 store, Thursday afternoon, 2 p. m. Elegant presents.
Corner Stone floor, \$1.00. Nash.
Elegant presents given away Thursday afternoon at the special sale for ladies—Big 4 auction.
Best 50c coffee on earth. Nash.
What a beautiful wedding or Christmas present—a watercolor would make. See them at Flecks.
Special ladies' sale at the Big 4 auction tomorrow afternoon, 2 p. m. Elegant presents.
Nut meats. Nash.
See the display of beautiful watercolor paintings by Ella P. Smith in Flecks' show window.
Peanut butter. Nash.
Artistic picture framing done at Flecks' on short notice; large line of mouldings.
H. G. pig pork sausage 15c lb. Nash.
The most complete line of exclusive bric-a-brac and art pieces at Flecks.
A luxury. H. G. pig pork sausage in 1-lb. bricks, 15c lb. Nash.
In getting ready for winter don't overlook the inducements we are offering in good warm underwear and hosiery. T. P. Burns.
Buck sausage, 10c lb. Nash.
Austrian art glass, Cologne bottles mounted in sterling silver at Flecks'. Kindlings for sale. Delivered to any part of the city. Fifield Bros., Lumber Co.
Special ladies' sale tomorrow, Big 4. Sweet elder. Nash.
Cheapest styles at lowest prices make the cloak business lively here. T. P. Burns.
Fresh tomatoes. Nash.
St. Agnes guild will hold their annual sale and supper Dec. 14th at guild hall. Sale commences at 2 p. m.; supper from 5 to 8 p. m.
Big 4 ladies' sale tomorrow, 2 p. m.
The Second Ward Club club was entertained by Miss Bird Rooney yesterday afternoon at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. Cunningham, at Kent's place. Daily refreshments were served and the prizes were won by Mrs. D. Skelly and Mrs. S. Sasson. Pawnee Oats, 2c; 2 for 15c. Toy in every package. Nash.

MORTUARY MATTERS

Mrs. Maria Herman
The funeral services for the late Mrs. Maria Herman of Eau Claire, which were to be held today, will not be performed until tomorrow, owing to the absence of relatives who were expected here by this morning. The services will be from the home of the deceased's niece, Mrs. Mary Wood, 56 Prospect avenue, tomorrow. The remains arrived from Eau Claire this morning.

AN EXCELLENT XMAS GIFT

The Spencer Portrait Co.'s agents are soliciting orders in this city for enlarging photograph with frame; complete for \$1.98. No money in advance. Payable on delivery. If agent misses you call up Mr. Spencer, phone 443.

POLICE STILL ON DOVE'S NEW TRAIL

Have Fully Decided That Huggs, Delavan and Dove, Are the Same Person.

Still at sea over the whereabouts of Dove, the Chicago police now have conclusive evidence that Dove and George H. Delavan, who was arrested here by late Marshal Hogan and taken to the penitentiary by ex-Sheriff William Appleby, are the same. A grip of Huggs, alias Dove, has been found in a south side, Chicago, hotel, containing letters written by Chicago people to Huggs under the name of Delavan while he was a prisoner at Waupun. Other letters with photographs of Dove, alias Delavan, and the police are looking for him in Kentucky. Dove, alias Delavan, alias Vandeventer, alias Huggs, appears to have had quite a police record and efforts to find any trace of him have thus far proved fruitless. He was seen by several persons just previous to the crime but has now disappeared off the face of the earth, as it were. Numerous suspects have been arrested and Mayor Crotts of Joliet, a former Janesville resident, has become prominent in the case by starting a personal hunt for the murderer. Trouble over the collecting of the fare is thought to have been the cause of the shooting which resulted in the death of Bate. The theory that a woman's name was brought into the quarrel is not abandoned by some of the yellow journals who delight in tearing down a woman's name, but the police and more conservative Chicago papers now revert to the theory that Bate and his passenger quarreled over the price to be paid for the trip and that Bate struck Dove or Huggs in the head when he became too troublesome, and that Huggs came in and seeing the automobile speeding back towards Chicago shot Bate and escaped into the night, leaving the automobile and the dead chauffeur by the roadside. The police have been much hindered in their work by the farmers who found the machine and dead man and who washed the traces of the conflict away before they arrived.

MANTELLI OPERA CO. HAD LARGE AUDIENCE

Theater Patrons Delighted Last Evening with Renditions of "Carmen" and "Faust."

While the good sized audience which witnessed the premiere performance of the Mantelli Operatic Co. at the Myers theatre last evening, was charmed with the work of Mme. Eugenia Mantelli in "Carmen" it was more than delighted with the beautiful voice and interpretative power of Mme. Helene Noldi, the dramatic soprano who portrayed the "Marguerite" in "Faust." Whether uttering some silver thread of sound at the spinning wheel or before the jeweled casket, or releasing a whole golden torrent of melody, as in the prison scene, the voice was ever pure and sweet. Almost every human emotion, save that of hate, has its moment for "Marguerite" in this grand old opera first produced in Paris in 1859, and Mme. Noldi's delineation is often superb, always convincing. Signor Archilli Albert has the grand air and plays the part of the gifted teneor much better than that of Mephisto. His is a wonderful baritone of great range and expression. The song of the flowers in "Faust" and the exultant "Foreword" in "Carmen," particularly the latter, were worth traveling many miles to hear. Mme. Mantelli is a dazzling singer, possessing a wonderful voice and great dramatic power. The audience last evening, however, liked her best in the simple little thrilling song and dance to the accompaniment of the castanets. She sang the second act of "Carmen" in French and the fourth in English, not having had sufficient time to learn the English lines for the second. Walter Wheatley is endowed with a sympathetic tenor of considerable range and made an acceptable lover, both in the parts of "Faust" and "Don Jose." Estrella L. Mann and the four other young ladies whose names do not appear in the printed dramatics programme, were all pleasing singers. The costumes were new and handsome and the scenery very fine. The company appears in Beloit this evening.

ANOTHER HUNTER TALKS MILD DAYS

An Old Hunter Makes His Predictions From the Conditions of the Muskrats.

The annual predictions of the mild winter from the standpoint of the muskrats has come into the office of an old hunter who hails from Koshkonong came into the office today to state that this year the houses of these animals were not as thick as usual and that the fur was not as heavy. This he took to mean a mild winter. Despite the fact, he was chilled to the bone by his long ride from the lake he stated that the winter would be a mild one and that inasmuch as the houses are not high above the present water level he did not think we would have high water next spring. He said the muskrats are not as plentiful as last year or in former years and that prices had not risen so that it really was not of much use to kill them for their furs any more. He did not understand just why they were so scarce, unless it was because the carp had spoiled the lake and river beds and they no longer cured in association with them and had moved to other climes. He also stated that there were less ducks at Lake Koshkonong this year than usual, due to the lack of rice which was destroyed for these self same reasons.

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SHREDDERS MADE SAFE AS POSSIBLE

Every Device to Prevent Accidents is in Use—Majority Due to Carelessness.

"How is it a man gets his hand in to a corn shredder is more than I can see," said a dealer the other day. "They are made as near fool proof as possible and every device is employed to make them safe. Once in the knives the hand must go, so efforts have been made to keep the operator away from the knives as far as possible. The man at the feed table can not reach to the cutting parts without leaning his body far over the table and when he does so he presses on a lever running alongside that stops the machine. The only other way is to go around in front, reach under the gear cover or remove the cover and reach in. One of the recent accidents came by a man being under the machine oiling it while it was running. It should have been shut off for this purpose. He was coming out from under when someone spoke to him and he put out his hand to steady himself as he stepped to answer, and his hand was off in an instant. I can't see what more can be done to prevent hands getting in."

SORRY SHE SUE FOR A DIVORCE

After Receiver and Appraisers for Husband's Property Had Been Appointed, Mrs. Pillor Relents.

Mrs. David Pillor of Beloit having brought suit against her husband for divorce, appraisers were appointed by the court to make an inventory of the stock in the Pillor Co.'s store in the Line city that the property might be divided. Lawrence McKoon was appointed as receiver by Judge Dunwiddie and T. G. Wynn and L. W. Kendall had secured the valuation of the property and turned in their reports. Then the principals in the action and their attorneys got together and after a conference visited Janesville yesterday and asked to have the case dismissed.

FIFTY COUPLES AT THE MASQUE BALL

Given by Painters' Union No. 177 at Assembly Hall Last Evening—Some Unique Costumes.

Everyone attending the masque ball given by Painters' Union No. 177 enjoyed a delightful time at Assembly hall last evening. There were fifty couples in the grand march and there were many unique as well as beautiful costumes. Ferns and smilax were used effectively in the decorative scheme and Baldwin & Reichfeld's orchestra discoursed the enlivening strains that kept the floor occupied late into the night. Gus Heil, Walter Korry, Ernest Graf, and Walter Rice served on the floor committee.

EYEBALL PIERCED BY BIT OF STEEL

John Erb Sustained an Injury Yesterday Which Cost Him the Sight of His Right Eye.

John Erb had his right eyeball pierced by a small bit of steel while at work in the Hennes junk shop on South River street yesterday afternoon and the injury was such that Dr. McCarthy and Thorne were unable to save the sight of the injured member. Russell's ambulance took the unfortunate man to St. Palmer hospital where the injured member will probably be removed some time today.

ON DEBATE'S MERITS FOOTBALL A MENACE

The Stronger Argument Before Rusk Lyceum Tended to Show Our Students Endangered by Game.

On the merits of the debate offered by the affirmative it was decided at the Rusk Lyceum meeting last evening that football is a menace to American educational institutions. Orville Swift, Robert Jensen, and Edward Hyzer appeared for the affirmative while Jerome Davis, Fred Jensen, and Harvey Lee represented the negative. Will Poincheon, Earl Brown, and Thomas Mulligan acted as judges. The question for the debate with the Vaukesha high school in March is: Resolved—That the closed shop policy of trades unions is justified.

St. Faith's Rummage Sale

Furniture in good condition, gasoline stove, bed and springs, washing machine, dining table, etc., clothing, shoes, etc., in good wearing condition. Jenkins' store, next door to Postwicks; from Wednesday to Saturday.

BANQUETTED MONDAY EVENING AT CENTRAL M. E. CHURCH

Knight's Class Ate Monthly Banquet and Participated in Debate.

Monday evening some thirty young men gathered around the banquet table in the Central Methodist church parlors and enjoyed a social evening together. Mr. Finley Williams was chairman and leader and Mrs. F. Williams and Mrs. Marens were in charge of the bounteous repast. The program which lasted until nine o'clock was in the form of a debate on the subject: "Resolved, That the reasons for church attendance are sufficient to demand our preference at public services." Much merriest speeches, all present taking part. The affirmative prevailed.

Buy it in Janesville.

THEIR COMPANY WAS NOT DESIRED HERE

Dollie Bell and Nellie Cook of Indian Ford, Paid Fines in Municipal Court Today.

Dollie Bell and Nellie Cook, in company with two young men, drove in from Indian Ford in a double seated rig yesterday afternoon. The company was not pleasing to the police of this city and last evening the women were arrested. In municipal court this morning they pleaded guilty to the charges of drunkenness and paid fines of \$1 and costs amounting to \$1.20 each.

Going to Dallas: William H. Cornmen and family expect to leave for their new home near Dallas, Texas, next Monday. A carload of their household effects were shipped last week.

C. C. Crippen Leaves: C. C. Crippen left yesterday for Austin, Texas, where he will take charge of the American Express Co. office. E. H. Marvin who the past eight or nine years has been on the railroad run between Janesville and Chicago, is temporarily in charge of the office here.

Action of Replevin: In Justice Reeder's court J. E. Nolan, the grocer, was granted the right to replevin worth of the household effects of Harry Phillips, the barber, who recently departed for Chicago. Costs of \$5.08 were taxed to the defendant.

Left for Washington: Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Williams who spent the summer and fall season in Janesville, left yesterday for Washington, D. C. Mr. Williams said before departing that he believed that there would be an extra session of congress to take up the tariff and that it would probably be sometime in May before the national legislators would get through with their work.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Allen Lovejoy went to Evansville this morning.

Mrs. J. T. Henderson has been visiting in Chicago where she and Rev. Henderson spent Thanksgiving day. Mrs. Mary Curtis of Scranton, Pa., who has been visiting her son, Martin Curtis, left yesterday for her home in the east. She was accompanied as far as Chicago by her son. While in the city she stopped at the residence of Mr. Milo Curtis.

Louis Levy was in Chicago yesterday on business.

Mrs. J. T. Henderson returned today from an extended visit in Chicago.

Mrs. John W. Peters and Miss Milie Chittenden were registered at a Milwaukee hotel yesterday.

E. W. Lowell went to Milwaukee on business this morning.

Going to Insane Asylum: Edward Parkinson, sheriff of Lafayette county, was in the city a short time this morning between train times and had in charge Edward Kline of Belmont, who was pronounced insane and was on his way to Mendota. The charge objected a little to getting on the Madison train, saying nothing but acting as if he thought he was making a mistake.

Kleinsall
The newest and best soap. Tested and found to do its work. St. Agnes' and agents. A jar for 25c or a bucket for 60c. Goes twice as far as ordinary soap. See Mrs. Wood, Cor. Madison and Ravine streets.

Skating Tonight
The Coliseum will be open for roller skating tonight. Imperial band from 8 to 10:30.

DEIRDRE AND OTHER VERSES

—BY—

GEO. W. STEELE.

You should read "Deirdre." It is not often that a new book by a Wisconsin author earns such warm praise from the critics. They like it. You will like it. It costs a dollar and is for sale by

GEO. BRUNDER, Milwaukee, Wis.

THE FAIR

WAISTS—New line just received in a great many styles and colors; just what you are looking for in black, white, red, blue and gray; regular \$3 value for.....\$2.65

Wool waists, fancy novelties, \$2 value for.....\$1.75

Sateen, black, white, dot, brown, with plain dot, fancy trimmed, \$1.50 value for.....\$1.10

Lace curtains, 3 yds. long, 42 inches wide; \$1.45 value for, per pair \$1.19

The \$1.55 value for, per pair \$1.19

Muslin Underwear in broken lines at a reduction of 1/2.

Shotland flannel, 36 inch or 90c box in white, black and colors.

Men's Talcum Powder, regular \$2.50 value for.....\$1.80

Shopping bags of all kinds, purses in twenty different styles, prices ranging from 5c to 99c.

Combs of all kinds, at saving of 1/4.

THE FAIR

A full carload of beautiful monuments went into the Fassett Cemetery at Edgerton a short time ago from Bresee, because his designs, ideas and specifications and prices were right.

Janesville, Wis.

DEDRICK BROS.

Phones No. 9.

F. A. TAYLOR,

59 South River Street, Both Phones 201

COMES TO CITY FOR HIS CLOTHES

The Great and Only John L. Sullivan Sends Order for New Underwear.

The great and only John L. Sullivan, once king of the prize ring, and general knight of the squared circle, has sent his measurements to the Lewis Knitting company for a suit of their underwear. There was but one John L. Sullivan and whether he is up or down, he has long been the idol of the American sport-loving public. Probably the fall of no fighter was more deeply felt than that of Sullivan. Coming from cultured Boston, Sullivan became famous as a prize ring fighter and when his defeat came at the hands of "Pompadour Jim" in New Orleans in the early nineties, his admirers all over the country mourned for him. Despite the fact he is a defeated champion, Sullivan still has an intrinsic value and is at present at St. Louis where he is supposed to be partial owner of a low grocery which is in operation near the exposition and attracts many visitors because he is there. The order came to the Lewis company through a St. Louis dealer who orders three suits of underwear built to meet the following proportions: Weight, 235 lbs.; height, 5 ft., 10 1/2 in.; chest measure, 50 in.; waist measure, 50 in. Evidently John has not lost any flesh during the past summer and is still as hale and hearty as of yore.

IS A DARK HORSE A POSSIBILITY?

Beloit Free Press Comments on the Selection of a City Marshal.

The Beloit Free Press makes the following comment on the selection of city marshal for Janesville. It is a wise solution of the problem that now confronts the council and if the members should take the advice of the Beloit men who know George Appleby they would make no mistake. George Appleby has an enviable record as a police officer and has an excellent reputation as a sheriff, all of which count in the selection of a man for the present position. "After casting an informal and sixteen formal ballots last night, Janesville aldermen adjourned for two weeks without having elected a chief of police to succeed the late John Hogan. William H. Appleby of this city was at all times prominent in the voting and on each of the ballots had two or three of the nine votes. It has been hinted that the deadlock and adjournment means the election of Sheriff George Appleby, whose term expires the first week in January. There is no assurance, however, that this is the case and the fight will likely go on Dec. 12."

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Phones No. 9.

F. A. TAYLOR,

59 South River Street, Both Phones 201

OUR SPECIAL

BLACK MANTLE CLOCK

AT

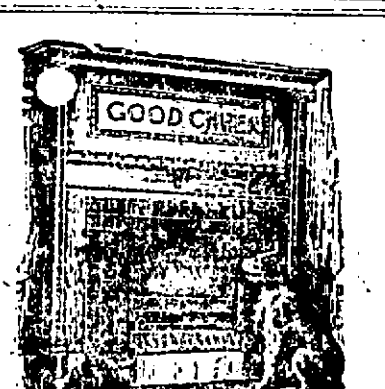
\$4.85

Has the New 1904 Movement

Warranted for a year and placed in running order in your house anywhere in the city.

HALL & SAYLES,

"The Reliable Jewelers"



Around The Fireside

are linked many hallowed associations of home. We do our little part in bringing good cheer to the home by furnishing the best COAL you can get anywhere in the world. Our Economy coal is what you need. Try it.

Janesville Coal Co.,

Phone 89. Office, Riverside Laundry, Yards, South River & Oak Sts.

WINSLOW'S PRICES

New Dates, 7c lb.
Large Flax, 15c lb.
Washed Flax 17c 1-lb basket
3 pkgs. Buckwheat Flour, 25c
3 pkgs. Maple Cane Syrup, 25c
1 qt. Maple Cane Syrup, 25c
1 gal. Full Table Syrup, 25c
Map

GENERAL TALK ON THE MARKET TONE

Letter from New York on Vacation Week Results — Slight Changes.

New York, November 25.—Broken as this week has been by a holiday, there was no diminution of activity, but trading on a liberal scale, and the total dealings of over one million shares on Wednesday has seldom been duplicated in the past five years on a day preceding a holiday.

Although profit-taking sales predominated, there was proof positive of buying of the most conservative character on Tuesday. The bond market is reported as of first grade securities, and the demand for first-class bonds is attested by the over-subscription to the New York city new three and one-half per cents, which amounted to ten times the issue. The price realized is higher than that paid for any other city bond issue this year.

Whenever the market is strong nowadays new high records are made for the market. Underlying the whole superstructure of the stock market there appear evidences of a master hand working in one direction, to one end. Undoubtedly there are many cliques, working various specialties, many with contrary interests, but all of one mind. The question remains, is the movement clique controlled, or is the present advance one great manifestation of the country's splendid prosperity and the augury of still more prosperous times approaching.

Through the manipulation of prices the market was ripe for the reaction which was so suddenly engineered through the sharp advance in money rates during Tuesday's session. The critics have watched the varying movements of money throughout the year, and who have watched the volume of the bank reserve, the quotations of interior and foreign exchange, have become convinced that money was lending too cheaply and that rise in the rate is bound to come under the most ordinary circumstances. It is only natural that the average speculator should receive a shock when he sees money tending to higher levels; therefore the extent of the present action depends upon the question of who holds the stock. If the public is heavily interested and the big financial interests are not at the wheel then there is a flurry pending. However much there may be good times in store for the holder of stocks for the long pull, he must act with due caution from now until the end of December.

A calmer view of the money situation tempered the dealings in the securities market on Wednesday. Liberal supply of funds from all directions, especially from out-of-town, brought about a sharp rally in prices. Evidences accumulate that the present speculative public have remembered their experiences of two years ago, and have taken many opportunities of lightening their load and converting paper profits into cash. This alone gives the situation a strength which it would otherwise not possess.

From the technical situation in the stock market we turn our eyes toward general trade and industry, and we see prosperity everywhere—freight cars, overburdened with the country's products, rushing to market; iron and steel plants in full blast; the great copper industry enjoying a rising tide of prosperity. Following close comes the insistent talk of increased dividends for our leading railroad and industrial. Even steel common is not forgotten, and predictions are freely made that the preferred stock will be converted into bonds and the dividend on the common be restored before the year 1905 passes into history. The "iron age" reports in its weekly issue that the buying movement has spread in all directions, and has assumed somewhat surprising proportions for the whole of the year, and the purchase of railroad equipment is a conspicuous feature of the market. The developments of

INTERESTING, IF TRUE

You Can Try It For Yourself And Prove It.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs or other wholesome food and this claim has been proven by actual experiment which anyone can perform for himself in the following manner: Cut hard-boiled eggs into very small pieces, as it would be if masticated, place the egg and two or three of the tablets in a bottle or jar containing warm water heated to 98 degrees (the temperature of the body) and keep it at this temperature for three and one-half hours, at the end of which time the egg will be completely digested as it would have been in the healthy stomach of a hungry boy.

The point of this experiment is that what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do to the egg or meat in the stomach and nothing else will rest and invigorate the stomach so safely and effectively. Even a little child can take Stuart's tablets with safety and benefit if its digestion is weak, and the thousands of cures accomplished by their regular daily use are easily explained when it is understood that they are composed of vegetable essences, aseptic poppy distillate and Golden Seal, which mingle with the food and digest it thoroughly, giving the overworked stomach a chance to recuperate.

Dieting never cures dyspepsia, neither do pills and cathartic medicines which simply irritate and inflame the intestines.

When enough food is eaten and promptly digested there will be no constipation, nor in fact will there be disease of any kind because good digestion means good health in every organ.

The merit and success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are world wide and they are sold at the moderate price of 50 cents for full sized package in every drug store in the United States and Canada, as well as in Europe.

the week are few, aside from the advance of the money rate, and the week passes without material incident.

The heavy buying of the Steel corporation issues, especially of the 5 per cent bonds, attracted considerable attention and comment. Forecasts of the Steel corporation's earnings for the fourth quarter are coming to hand, and estimates approximating \$17,000,000 are frequently heard on good authority. The Harriman issues still hold the centre of the stage, owing to the likelihood of a Northern Securities decision being landed down at any time. A decision would be generally welcomed by the Street, for one momentous question would be thus disposed of, and holders of Union Pacific stock would feel more sure of their position as to the real value of their securities.

Caution and discrimination should be the watchword for the time being—money rates, the meeting congress, tariff discussion, trust attacks are the danger signals to watch now.

J. S. BACHE & CO.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative, Eucalypti Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

INCREASE IN GOLD SUPPLY

The Output in the Near Future May Amount to Four Hundred Millions a Year.

The statement published by our government that English enthusiasts are looking for a future output of gold in the Transvaal of from \$120,000,000 to \$150,000,000 a year is stimulating to the imagination, just as the realization of this prediction would be stimulating to the speculation and business of the world. In the first six months of this year the output of gold in the Transvaal amounted to about \$38,000,000. This, states the Wall Street Journal, is at the rate of \$76,000,000 for the year. Last year's production amounted to over \$61,000,000. The largest production was in 1898, being \$79,213,000.

The prospect is, therefore, that the production of 1904 will nearly equal that of 1898—in other words, will return to the normal yield of this region. Coolidge labor has just been introduced into the Transvaal, and with this solution of the labor problem there should be a continued increase in the output of the yellow metal in the Transvaal. If the production should ever reach the enormous total of \$120,000,000 the effect on the business world can hardly be overestimated. With a Transvaal production last year of \$61,000,000 the world's output of gold amounted approximately to \$330,000,000. An increase in the Transvaal production in the near future to \$120,000,000 a year would lift the total annual product of gold in the world to the stupendous sum of \$450,000,000.

Even a product of \$300,000,000 a year is an enormous addition to the world's supply of money. Allowing about 25 per cent to meet the demands of the arts and sciences, that leaves \$225,000,000 to enter into the various reservoirs of money. Inasmuch as the use of gold in the monetary systems of the world is now very largely as a reserve against credit, it may be said that an addition of \$225,000,000 to the world's money supply means an added credit capacity of over \$1,000,000,000. If, then, within two or three years, by the promised increase in the production of the Transvaal, the world's output of gold is expanded to \$400,000,000, it is easy to see how enormous would be both the increase in the supply of money and in the credit capacity of the leading nations of the globe.

Even admitting, as it is argued by some, that the increase in the gold supply may ultimately work to the disadvantage of the business community rather than to its benefit; admitting that the world's stock of money may be increasing at too rapid a rate and that the international scramble for immense gold reserves involves the danger of a "yellow peril" akin to the silver peril from which the United States has only recently emerged; admitting that it is impossible to determine definitely how much or how little may be the effect of the inflation of gold upon the prices of commodities, nevertheless, no one can doubt for an instant that the enormous output of gold which has been experienced in the last ten years and which is promised for years to come must have prodigious effect upon the business and speculative activities of the leading nations of the globe.

As a matter of fact, it may be doubted whether even yet the markets have fully realized the effect of the money inflation which has already taken place, and they certainly have not yet discounted the effect of the money inflation which is yet to take place.

EUROPEAN TELEPHONE GIRLS

Are Very Leisurely in Their Ways and Not Easily Moved to Exertion.

A London correspondent who has a London-Paris-Milan wire in his room writes that in his opinion the telephone girl is not quite an angel. He finds, says the Rome Secolo, the London telephone girl slow and indifferent, the French intractable and impertinent. When the Whittaker Wright trial was proceeding he found himself late with some news and rushed to the telephone. Absolute silence followed his frantic ringing, until he almost pulled the telephone from the wall. After 20 minutes or so a sweet voice said: "Number, please?" "But," he protested, "I have been ringing for half an hour!" "Oh, really? I am sorry. I was drinking my tea!"

In Paris the girls are absent-minded and usually make the connections badly, but have invariably an excuse and will not bear remonstrances.

The Italian telephone girl by the side of her London and Paris sisters shines indeed. She is obliged to repeat the number wanted and so seldom makes a wrong connection, she is prompt and not exceptionally pert, but she is lazy and will often tell you that the person you want does not reply when she has made no effort to ring him up.

Home Health Club

By DAVID H. REEDER, Ph.D., M.D.
Lecturer on Hygiene

In the fall and winter more than at any other time of the year scarlet fever epidemics prevail, and some instructions as to how to prevent an attack, and how to cure it, may be timely. This disease, which in many epidemics shows a mortality as high as 30 per cent, is supposed to be due to a micro-organism, although the scientists have not yet clearly proved it. Everyone is agreed that it is highly contagious, though, and, as in all such cases, a home knowledge of the course of the disease is very valuable. In this, as in so many other fever cases, water may be employed to great advantage.

An attack of scarlet fever is not difficult to recognize, although it is sometimes confused with measles or diphtheria. It may start suddenly with a high fever, the temperature of the patient rising rapidly to 103 or 104 degrees, or perhaps there may be a slight chilliness, or a severe chill. The pulse beats may increase to 120 or even 140 in a single night. The face is flushed, and there is a burning sensation all over the little body accompanied by pronounced thirst, as well as restlessness of the sufferer. I speak thus, because it is the children who are most often attacked, their less rugged systems being less resistant to the disease.

One of the most serious symptoms in scarlet fever is an affection of the throat, and because of this it may be mistaken for diphtheria. A membrane forms on the tonsils that has much the appearance of diphtheritic membrane, and often the soft palate and pharynx are affected. The tonsils are usually swollen and the eyes watery white, the tongue has a peculiar appearance, commonly called strawberry tongue, and the surface of that organ is coated with a white fur and appears dry. The neck feels stiff and the muscles of the limbs suffer from the same cause.

I might go on at some length describing the symptoms of scarlet fever, but it is enough for our purpose that the above indications are present, and we at once set to remove the cause, or put out the fire.

The fact that the disease is contagious makes it imperative that every precaution should be taken to prevent its spread, and the patient should be isolated as soon as possible after the character of the disease is known. All possible care should be given to preventing other children entering the room, and the attendants should disinfect their hands, face and hair by bathing or spraying with some antiseptic. Scales from the skin of the patient must not be allowed to be blown through the house by draughts of air or carried on the clothing of the attendants. The best time to begin fighting scarlet fever is long before exposure or on its first appearance in the neighborhood, and the same rules for action should govern the treatment of other members of the family when one child is attacked. Prepare them to resist it by sponging the entire body thoroughly about twice each week, just before going to bed, with any of the following simple remedies, using which is most convenient or agreeable: Potassium permanganate, enough to make the water a light pink color; dilute acetic acid or good white vinegar, strong enough to cause a slight smarting sensation if it gets in the eyes; good, strong witch-hazel (not diluted), or Isterine (diluted). These simple disinfectants, as above described, are not poisonous, and, besides not harming children, will be found efficient in many ways, rendering them almost certainly immune to any such contagious eruptive diseases as measles, chicken-pox, scarlet fever or smallpox. Of course such other natural precautions—as a generous, wholesome diet, suitable to the season, proper clothing, and plenty of pure, fresh air in the sleeping-room at night, and sunshine by day—should be taken.

If, however, during a time of epidemic, with scarlet fever sufferers all around you, in spite of your precautions, anything like sore throat makes its appearance, no matter how slight, it will be wise to undress the little one and wrap it up well in a thick blanket, bathing the feet in water as hot as can be borne, until perspiration comes out freely all over the body.

There may be experienced nurses who are competent to handle a case of scarlet fever from start to finish with great success, but the services of the family physician should be sought while the foregoing measures are being adopted. He should have charge of the case, and the suggestions here given are made especially for those who cannot secure the attendance of a physician, or who find him delayed in answering the call. If your house catches fire, you send for the fire department with all possible haste, but you do not sit idly by and watch it burn until they come. You first seek to put out the fire, and if this proves to be beyond your skill, you seek to save your goods or other buildings. Do the same in this case. Send for the doctor, but try to save the patient yourself, and also all other children that may have been exposed.

After giving the hot foot bath, dry the feet and body well, under the blanket—that is, without allowing the cool air of the room to strike the skin. Again sponge the body with the usual disinfectant (having previously heated it, so it will not feel cold) and put the patient to bed. The chances are that the child will at once go to sleep and awake well and happy in the morning, whereupon some evil-disposed careless people may be inclined to laugh at your fears; but you have the supreme satisfaction of seeing bright, happy, healthy children around your homes, while less thoughtful and energetic parents watch by the bedside of the helpless child for weeks in anxious

suspense, and finally sorrowfully follow the little body to the grave, or, perhaps, it lives only to go through life with its sight or hearing destroyed.

If, after all of your care for your little one, the throat is still sore in the morning, you should again sponge the body under the blankets with the disinfectant, or if there is no fever, rub gently all over with warm olive oil, goose grease or vaseline, rubbing the body to a dry and comfortable condition with a soft, warm towel. As soon as there is any appearance of fever there must not be any rubbing of the body with oil, or fat of any kind, as it increases the heat, the principal object in view being to get the skin to perform its duty perfectly, for when this is secured, scarlet fever can never secure a hold, colds and sore throat will disappear, and health is maintained.

In case of scarlet fever, I would not advise the use of a cold compress to the spine, recommended in a previous paper, but after having secured an equilibrium of the circulation and comparative comfort of the patient by the hot fomentation to the feet and a cold compress to the head, take an ordinary sheet and fold it to a size that will enable you to wrap the child's entire body in it. Wring this out of cold water and spread it upon a dry sheet on the bed and lay the child in it, bringing it up over the body, packing him completely, with the exception of the face. After the first shock, which will probably cause a catching of the breath and deep breathing, which will be beneficial, there will be decided signs of relief, and the little one will probably go to sleep. In half an hour he will be awake, and when you remove the packing a red rash covers the little body. Quickly sponge him all over with the disinfectant, and he will feel cool. Covering him with the dry sheet, he will probably awake in fever. Repeat the process until the rash no longer makes its appearance. By this time the patient may be nearly exhausted in the battle for life, but he is alive and sound in every way, and a little skillful nursing will restore strength and vigor.

If a stimulant is really necessary, do not give alcoholic liquors, for there is no strength in them. Procure a piece of red-pepper-pod—say about one-third of a dry, ripe pod—place it in a teacup and pour boiling water over it. Let it stand for a few moments, and then strain as much of this tea into a half cupful of hot water as will cause a slight smarting to the eyes. A teaspoonful of milk may be added with advantage. The half-teacupful administered every half hour in teaspoonful doses will be an excellent treatment, and will accomplish wonders.

Club Notes.

Galva.—Dr. David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana. Dear Doctor:—My niece is much annoyed by perspiring feet and by gas in the bowels. The latter annoys her most during school hours. I shall be much obliged if you can recommend a cure for both annoyances and publish the same in your Home Health Club department. Yours truly, Miss K. Van A.

She should be more careful in regard to thoroughly masticating her food and for the relief of gas in the bowels she should take about five drops of lavender oil with sugar. For the perspiring feet she should wash them at night in very hot water and afterward use a little talcum powder.

Rockwell City.—David H. Reeder, M. D., La Porte, Ind. Dear Doctor:—I am very much interested in the Home Health Club department. Would like to have you advise me in my case. There has been articles on rheumatism, but none that alludes to my condition. About four years ago the joints of my fingers began to enlarge and become hard and stiff. Have not suffered much pain, occasionally a darting sensation. It continued to go from one joint to another, until nearly all the fingers are affected. The greatest inconvenience I find is that I have no strength in my hands and cannot close them. The past winter and spring I have felt the same in my feet, elbows and knees. I do not expect a cure or that the joints will grow less, but would like to know if there is anything I could do to arrest the progress of the disease. Have used neither tea nor coffee in more than 15 years; use hot water instead. My general health is good aside from this rheumatism. Please advise me in regard to diet. If that has anything to do with the disease. Respectfully, Mrs. L. M. S.

I think that if I was prescribing for a patient in your condition, I would advise the use of Schuessler's tissue remedies as one of the cell salts is indicated, and it is about the only medication that is really valuable for Arthritic rheumatism. In addition to that I would suggest that you use large quantities of fresh buttermilk daily, one to two quarts will not be too much. Do not drink it while food is in the mouth, but take it as a food.

All communications for the Home Health Club should be addressed to David H. Reeder, La Porte, Indiana, and contain name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

Cream of Cabbage Soup.
Chop the cabbage fine and cook in boiling, salted water until quite tender; just before serving pour off most of the water, add milk, pepper, a little more salt if necessary, and thicken with flour to a creamy consistency. This soup deserves to be much more generally known than it is.—Good Literature.

Builds up the system; puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drugstore. "I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of Itchur plica. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

SHIPS BUILT BY SAVAGES.

South Sea Islanders Who Are Expert Workmen in Marine Architecture.

In the Marshall group of islands in the South seas is a little atoll of coral known as Likiep atoll. It is hundreds of miles away from any other island and the natives go half naked like the other dwellers of the South seas. But they have learned one great civilized art, just the same, and that is the art of building ships, says the Washington Post.

About 40 years ago a Portuguese sailor was landed there from a whaling ship. When his vessel sailed away he remained behind, for the lazy charm of the Pacific island life had tempted him and he had decided to leave the restlessness and live the rest of his days on the warm, sleepy beaches, where no one worked.

Soon he married the daughter of a chief and became a trader. After many years an American captain visited the islands during a trading voyage in the South seas and when his vessel shortly afterward became unseaworthy he set to work on the beach to build a new one.

The Portuguese whaler's two sons helped him and learned a great deal about the operation. The island had fine, hard wood on it, just the kind of timber that shipbuilders value because it will not rot or waterlog readily. The captain at last succeeded in finishing a good 40-ton schooner and sailed away in her.

Before long the two boys had begun to teach the natives something of what they had picked up and soon, instead of the primitive canoes and dugouts that the Marshall Islanders have been using for centuries, the folk of the Likiep atoll began to build canoes made of carefully fashioned lumber and pinned together with rivets.

Now there is a real shipyard on this little speck lost in the wide Pacific. A high roof under the palms on the beach greets the mariner and when he lands he sees vessels, modern tools lying around and everything looking just as it does in a shipyard anywhere on the American coast, only instead of workmen in overalls he sees dark natives with hardly any clothing.

The wood from which the knees and timbers are cut comes from an island on the western side of the lagoon. It is called kavou and is extremely handsome, looking much like black walnut. It has the valuable property of growing harder as it grows older and makes fine vessels.

Tools—all of them of the best kind—wood for spars, etc., are shipped to Likiep atoll now from New Zealand and the boats that are turned out in the savage island have been compared with American and English built vessels that have touched at the place and found to be excellent in every respect.

The savage shipbuilders have a queer scale of prices. If a chief wants a schooner of, say, 12 tons, built for him, they charge him \$1,000 for it, but if a poorer person wants the same kind of a vessel they will charge many hundreds of dollars less. They do this quite openly and explain it by saying that the chief being rich can afford to pay more than a poor person for the same thing.

THE "PRINCES" IN WAR.

Comparison of the Borises with Royal Heroes in the German Armies.

Bismarck throughout the Franco-Prussian war grumbled at "the princes" who commanded under Prussian leadership, says London Truth. "The princes have taken all the comfortable lodgings," "the princes drink up the fine wines," "the caterers for the princes carry off the best joints from the butchers and the best vegetables and fruits from the green grocers," "the princes are a cause of constant friction and embarrassment."

Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern's baggage, as described in a French paper, reminds me of Bismarck's growls. His royal highness, who is brother-in-law of the German emperor, wanted to take to the farthest east 500 collars or trunks, bales mostly bulky and weighty.

Prince Khilkoff, director of railways, is said to have turned pale on receiving a letter from Prince Leopold's secretary. In his embarrassment he applied to the czar for guidance, reminding respectfully his majesty that Russian officers could only take a single box and a hand bag.

After an exchange of telegrams between St. Petersburg and Berlin, Emperor William decided that his cousin could do with 50 boxes and bales. Members of the imperial Japanese family are on the same footing as other officers, and put up with the eternal rice cake and handful of dried fish.

Italian Marriage Brokers.

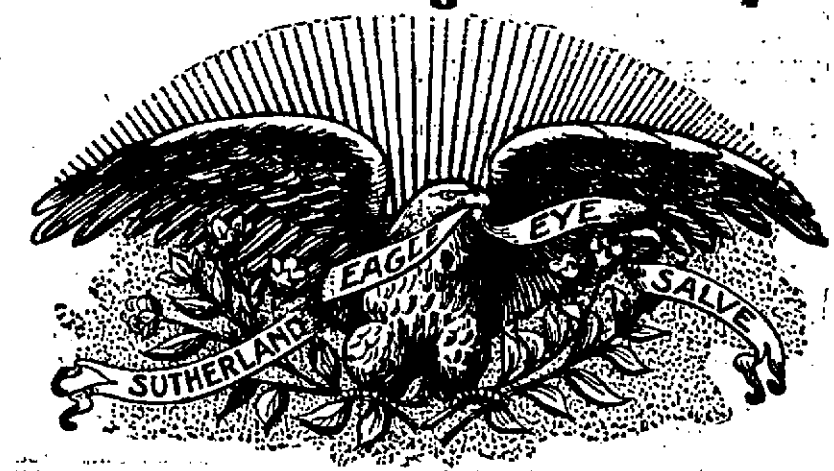
The marriage broker in Italy is a regular institution. In their offices there are books with the names and particulars of all the marriageable girls, rich or poor, who live in the district, and the brokers go about endeavoring to arrange engagements in exactly the same way as they would do ordinary trading business. It depends entirely upon their success whether they receive any payment for their efforts or not.

Sly Bridget.

Bridget was none too truthful and her mistress had been using all her eloquence to make her see the error of deceitfulness. But the would-be reformer owned herself routed when Bridget turned upon her a beaming Irish smile and said in a most cajoling tone:

"Sure, now, ma'am, and what do ye suppose the power of desavin' was given us fer?"—N. Y. Sun.

Good for Nothing but the Eyes.



We do not recommend SUTHERLAND'S EAGLE EYE SALVE for the treatment of any parts other than the eyes, for which it is especially prepared.

SUTHERLAND'S EAGLE EYE SALVE

IS A SPEEDY AND HARMLESS Cure for Granulated Lids, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Sties, Dimness of Vision and All Kinds of Sore Eyes. CERTAINLY GOOD FOR THE EYES.

Coeville, Tex., Oct. 15, 1903.
The E. E. Sutherland Medicine Co., Paducah, Ky.
Gentlemen—Enclosed I send you \$1.00 for more of your Eagle Eye Salve. It is certainly good for the eyes; I have used two tubes on my little daughter's eyes and it has done more good than a seventy-dollar treatment in a hospital. Yours truly, W. K. FATE.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS. 25c TUBES. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO., Paducah, Ky. FOR SALE BY BADGER DRUG CO.

CARDUI BABIES

Many homes are more lonely abodes because no children are there. Barrenness exists in almost every case because female diseases have paralyzed the organs of womanhood. Wine of Cardui imparts health and strength to the diseased parts and makes motherhood possible in thousands of cases where barrenness is supposed to be incurable. Wine of Cardui regulates the menstrual flow and also prevents miscarriage and cures bearing down pains. Wine of Cardui removes the cause of barrenness by making the female organism strong and healthy. Go to your druggist and secure a \$1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui. The use of Wine of Cardui will bring happiness to your home.

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tennessee.

AMETHYST, Colo., Feb. 21, 1902.
Wine of Cardui is worth its weight in gold. It does more than you claim. It has saved my life and caused me to become a mother when everything else failed.
MRS. DORA I. DE FEVRE.

BRANT, Va., Feb. 18, 1902.
My daughter-in-law, Lizzie Giles, found great benefit in Wine of Cardui. She had a miscarriage in March 1901, before using your medicine. She was in very bad health, so I persuaded her to try Wine of Cardui. Since then she has had a fine baby boy. Soon he will be three weeks old. She highly recommends Wine of Cardui. My daughter, Yennie Hudson, also has a fine baby boy by your treatment. She highly appreciates Wine of Cardui.
MRS. LOUISA GILES.

WINE OF CARDUI

DOUBLE TRAGEDIES IN IOWA

Two Men Kill Their Wives and End Their Own Lives.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 30.—Two double tragedies were enacted in Des Moines Tuesday night. Malhin Head, nephew of Capt. Albert Head, one-time speaker of the Iowa house of representatives and the richest man in Iowa, attempted to kill his wife and commit suicide. He was intoxicated, and his wife took him to the Shaw hotel for the purpose of sobering him. There they quarreled. He slashed her face and neck with his knife and then cut his own throat. Both will die.

Frank Billings, a traveling salesman, called upon his wife early in the evening in a notorious resort where she was an inmate. He demanded a diamond ring and they retired to her room. Two shots were heard. When the room was entered both lay dead and her revolver was on the floor. The police think the woman committed the deed.

BREAK GROUND FOR BIG SCHOOL.

Ceremony for Great Negro Educational Institution in the South.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 30.—Ground was broken Tuesday for the first building of a great negro educational institution which the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Educational society, an auxiliary of the Methodist Episcopal church, will erect at Spaulding, five miles from here. The first building will cost \$30,000 and others will be erected, making the total investment several hundred thousand dollars.

King Edward Approves.

London, Nov. 30.—King Edward has approved the appointment of Gerard Lowther, British minister at Santiago, Chile, to be minister at Tanager, and of Arthur Raikes, secretary of the British embassy at Washington, to be minister at Santiago.

Greeks Murder Wedding Party.

Belgrade, Servia, Nov. 30.—A wedding party near Monastir, Macedonia, has been attacked and slaughtered by Greek bands. Thirteen of the party were killed and five were wounded. The Greeks escaped to the mountains.

Diphtheria Is Epidemic.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 30.—The state board of health has sent an inspector to Pike county, where a diphtheria epidemic is reported to exist. Five cases and one death have been reported to the state board.

SHOULDER BRACES

BADGER DRUG CO.

TRUSSES
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BADGER DRUG CO.

MRS. E. HALL

No. 55 West Milwaukee St.

SWEATERS

We are better prepared than ever with the latest styles and solid colors in Men's and Boy's Sweaters for immediate use. The prices are also interesting:

Juvenile Wool Sweaters, in navy and red striped, for boys up to 3 and 4 years, at each.....\$.50
Boys' heavy cotton sweaters, stripes or solid colors, ages 4 to 14 years, at each.....\$.50
Boys' heavy wool sweaters, fancy stripes and solid colors, all sizes, at each.....\$ 1.00
Men's heavy sweaters, cotton or wool, stripes or solid colors, at each \$1 and.....\$ 1.50
Men's Cardigan Jackets at, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.25 & \$4 each.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. JAMES MILLS,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST.

GLASSES ACCURATELY FITTED.
Office over Hall & Sayles,
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DOTY
The place to buy and sell grain and corn. The best place in Janesville to have your grain ground. New Mill. Largest capacity.

Myrrhine for the Teeth
A liquid clean and sweet.

BADGER DRUG CO.

ANNUAL REPORT ON AGRICULTURE

YEAR'S CROPS ARE IMMENSE

Corn Leads, With Cotton in Second Place and Hay and Wheat Combined Equaling the First Named—Big Increase in Farm Capital.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The secretary of agriculture, James Wilson, has transmitted his eighth annual report to the president. Among the more important features of the year's work are extensive co-operations with agricultural stations; the taking of preliminary steps to conduct feeding and breeding experiments; the war against the cotton boll weevil and against cat-tle manges; plans for education of engineers in road building; the production of a hardy orange; research in successful shipping of fruit abroad; the value of nitrogen fixing bacteria; successful introduction of plants suited to light rainfall areas; establishment of pure food standards; the extension of agricultural education in primary and secondary schools, and the extension of instruction to island possessions to enable them to supply the country with \$200,000,000 worth of domestic products now imported from abroad.

Crops of Great Value.
The corn crop of 1904, says the secretary, yields a farm value greater than ever before. The cotton crop, valued for lint and seed at \$600,000,000, comes second, while hay and wheat contend for third place. Combined, these two crops will about equal in value the corn crop. Notwithstanding the wheat crop shows a lower production than any year since 1900, the farm value is the highest since 1881. Potatoes and barley reached their highest production in 1904; save in 1902 the oat crop was never so large by 60,000,000 bushels. The present crop of rice promises a yield of 300,000,000 pounds—200,000,000 more than ever before.

Exports Are Immense.
The year 1904, says the secretary, keeps well up to the average of exports of farm products during the five years, 1899-1903, amounting to over \$850,000,000, while the average for the five years was nearly \$865,000,000.

During the last fifteen years the balance of trade in favor of this country, all articles considered, exceeded \$1,381,000,000; but taking farm products alone, these showed a balance in favor of more than \$5,260,000,000. Reviewing the increase in farm capital, the secretary estimates it conservatively at \$2,000,000,000 within four years—this without recognizing the marked increase in the value of land during the last two years.

Rice and Durum Wheat.
Under the head of new industries developed the secretary enumerates, first, rice, of which under the encouragement of the department, there has been enormously increased production in Louisiana and Texas. Preliminary estimates give the area devoted to rice in 1904 in these two states at 600,000 acres, and the crop will approximate 650,000,000 pounds. In reference to durum, or macaroni wheat, the success attending its introduction continues unabated. Probably no less than 14,000,000 bushels of such wheat will be grown this year.

Forestry and Water.
The present situation as regards forestry in the United States the secretary regards as exceedingly hopeful. The lumber industry seems to be awakening to the fact that lumbering with reference to future as well as present profits may be good business. The general adoption of forestry as an established policy now depends primarily on business conditions. Extensive investigations of forest conditions are still urgently needed.

GIVES \$40,000 TO A COLLEGE

Former Director Presents New Haven School With Minerals and Library.
New Haven, Conn., Nov. 30.—George J. Brush, late director of the Sheffield Scientific school, and professor of mineralogy, meritis, has presented that institution with his \$40,000 collection of minerals and scientific library, and a fund of \$10,000, the income of which is to be used for the collection and library.

Only Ten Cents in the Bank.
Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 29.—Bank Examiner Whittemore, who has been investigating the Elkhorn Valley bank, which failed at O'Neill recently, has reported to the State Banking board that all the cash, with the exception of 10 cents, and notes to the value of \$40,000 are missing.

Roosevelt's Iowa Plurality 158,766.
Des Moines, Nov. 30.—The official vote of Iowa has been canvassed by the executive council, with the following result: Roosevelt, 267,307; Parker, 149,141; Swallow, 11,601; Debs, 14,547; Watson, 2,207. Roosevelt's plurality over Parker is 158,766.

Archbishop of Paris Is Ill.
Paris, Nov. 30.—Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris, is in ill health and it has even been reported he is dying, but this is authoritatively denied. His immediate associates say the prelate's illness is not serious.

Thought Livingstone at Play.
A Makalolo, seeing Livingstone observe a thermometer and take notes, after having vainly tried to understand what he was doing, began to laugh, saying: "Poor fellow! He plays just like a child."

Woman's Charms Not Lasting.
The abundant smooth black tresses of the Japanese woman may be said to form her chief beauty. Unfortunately, however, her hair invariably thins after 30.

Barbarous Customs of Old.
In England the old-time cure for smallpox and measles was a sound thrashing. There are English people still living who were treated for measles in their infancy by frequent whippings by their parents. In town records in many parts of England may be seen such entries as this from Huntingdon: "To whipping two women that had the smallpox, 8 pence."

Largest Diamond.
Unfortunately, the largest diamond in the world is not of the crystalline sort used as a gem. If it were its value would be fabulous, for it is seventeen times larger than the famous Victoria diamond, the largest of modern finds, which was sold for \$1,500,000. Its value depends upon the use to which it can be put when broken up, for it is of the amorphous kind, known technically as carbon.

Japanese Belief in Dreams.
A fanciful race, the Japanese people set great store by dreams. The native astrologer is usually very busy in the early part of the year delineating the meaning of the many visions brought to him for solution, and foretelling events to come. If you dream that you are struck by lightning, it means you will grow suddenly rich; but to dream of frost means a feast; of wind, it denotes that sickness is coming.

Buy It in Janesville.

Trying to Be Agreeable.
Jones is nothing if not gallant. Mrs. Brown is exactly the same age as her husband, but she will not admit it. "My husband is 40," she said to some friends the other day; "you wouldn't believe it, but there's actually ten years' difference in our ages." "Impossible, dear madam," hastily interposed Jones, anxious to say something agreeable; "I'm sure you look every day as young as he does."

Worse Than Traveling Alone.
"You say that you came from Denver alone?"
"Yes, sir."
"Now, isn't it the truth," roared the lawyer, "that your husband came with you?"
"Sure, but I didn't think it would be so component and relevant to say that I was worse than alone."—Detroit Free Press.

A Hint to the Ladies.
A young lady of this city dislocated her shoulder by violently throwing her arm around the neck of a girl friend. If girls would put their arms only where they belong they would gain more sympathy in the event of overdoing things and incidentally make men's lives happier.—San Francisco Call.

A man may have but one character, but he has as many reputations as he has friends and enemies.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Furs, Cloaks...

Hardly a day passes that we do not receive shipments of late styles in **CLOAKS**.

Something New is what people are always looking for and we aim to be ready for any demand.

Why Neglect your own interests by buying a new cloak before seeing our great showing.

Furs...

100 new Scarfs received the past few days. **No trouble** to find just what one wants here.

The extra quality of our Furs is appreciated. We are having an immense sale of Furs which enables us to keep getting in new things.

A Wonderfully Large assortment here to select from. If you have looked here and did not find what you wanted, try it again. No doubt we can please you now.

Bath Robes to Order...

We are now prepared to make up Bath or Lounging Robes out of the beautiful fancy robe blankets that we show so many of. They make a sensible Christmas Gift. Call and leave your order now so you can have it by Christmas.

Artistic China

We invite your inspection of our Holiday line of fancy China. You will find here many beautiful pieces suitable for gifts and at prices you can afford to pay.

**Janesville
Spice Co.**

Milwaukee Street Bridge.

IT PAYS TO TRADE AT LOWELL'S

THE LOWELL CO.,

SOUTH RIVER STREET.

Home Baked Bread and Pastries

Our new line of home baked goods is meeting with unusual favor. Home baking of the very finest quality. Nothing but the best materials used.

CREAM PUFFS
Filled with the pure cream; not the corn starch kind, doz. 30c

Home made Doughnuts, doz. 20c
The Lowell bread that is selling so rapidly—A trial order and you are confident that you will be one of the many hundreds of more than pleased patrons. Miss Steed is exclusively engaged in caring for the baked goods and candy department, which we propose to make an important feature of the Lowell stores.

Grocery Department...

Extra Fancy N. Y. Apples—
Spies, Baldwins, Greenings, Tallman Sweeties, Pippins, Ben Davis, \$2.75 bbl.; or 35c a peck. Seconda, 60c bushel, 15c a peck; Snow Apples, 35c peck.

FLOUR—KEHLOR'S BEST
First Patent Flour, per sack, \$1.55
18 lbs. Janesville Sugar, 31c
New English Walnuts, lb., 15c
New Imported Malaga Grapes, lb., 15c
New Large Turkish Figs, lb., 15c
Cranberries, 10c qt.; 3 qts., 25c
Crawford Cheese, lb., 20c
Canada Cream Cheese, foil pkg., 10c
Royal Poultry Seasoning, pkg., 10c; 3 for 25c
New Santa Clara Prunes, 10c; 3 for 25c
New Santa Clara Prunes, 5c; 6 for 25c
Crystal Donalio Sugar, 5-lb. pkg., 50c
Fresh Marshmallows, lb., 15c
9 lbs. Best Oatmeal, 25c
Van Camp's Golden Pumpkin, per can, 10c; 3 for 25c
Janesville Corn, 10c; 3 for 25c
Helm's Apple Butter, 3-lb. jar, 35c
Just received a fresh shipment of those delicious after dinner salted peanuts, per lb., 20c
NUTLET—a high-grade peanut butter, per jar, 10c
Bring in your cards for package of Salada Tea—it costs you nothing.

SHOES! SHOES!

We have invested a large amount of money and time in looking over the entire shoe trade of the country from which we selected a number of the special ones designed for good service at reasonable prices. We do not sell a shoe simply for its looks, but insist that the wearing qualities are there. The Lowell guarantee goes with each purchase, exactly as represented or your money cheerfully refunded

Men's Work Shoes.
Good heavy soles, well made..... **\$1.15**

Men's Dress Shoes.
Box Calf or Vici..... **\$1.65**

Men's Patent Colt—An exceptionally pretty shoe that is durable and has a very dressy appearance. Although it is uncommon for dealers to warrant patent leather, we give a guarantee with each shoe that with ordinary wear this shoe will not break in the vamp till the sole is worn through..... **\$2.35**

Boys' High School Shoes.
All our Boys' Shoes are extra heavy seams and soles..... **95c**

Men's and Boys' Boots, Rubbers and Arctics. We can save you money in footwear.

Women's Shoes--
A pretty Vici Kid, patent toe, extension sole, military heel—a very fine shoe for dress or every day wear.... **\$1.20**

Comfort House Shoe, soft leather, plain toe, common-sense heel, felt lined throughout..... **1.48**

Complete line of Women's Shoes, heavy sole, medium height heels, high top, Union made, that we offer at... **1.95**

Women's hand turned, extra fine Dress Shoes.
Although a shoe made for dress wear, the last is shaped the exact form of the foot, which insures comfort from the very first. A regular \$4.50 shoe at..... **3.45**

...CLOTHING...

Perhaps you do not know that we have recently established a complete Clothing department. As in other departments we handle only the goods that we know will give satisfaction.

Men's Suits, \$7, \$9, \$11. Overcoats, \$8, 10, \$12

The Suits are not only well fitting and stylish but made of the regular materials that are found in suits selling at \$14, \$15, \$16. The Overcoats are bell shaped, long and 3 4 lengths. All the popular patterns and materials.

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats—Buster Brown, Norfolks and double breasted—a vast variety of garments ranging in price from \$2 50, \$3.45 and up. We invite comparison with other lines. Every department of the Lowell Co. is earning an enviable reputation for value giving.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

We Offer You a Novelty Sale,

A Half-Price Counter

Infants' Articles

Mothers, Take Notice! We shall on this day have one large counter filled with Infants' Articles at **half price**.

Infants' Wool Hose, worth 25c, at	12 1-2c
Infants' Wool Hose, worth 15c, at	7 1-2c
Infants' Wool Mittens, worth 20c, at	10c
Infants' Wool Bootees, worth 25c, at	12 1-2c
Infants' Wool Hoods, worth 50c, at	25c
Infants' Silk Hoods, worth \$1.00, at	50c
Infants' Cashmere Bands, worth 50c, at	25c
Infants' Cashmere Shirts, worth 50c, at	25c
Infants' Rubber Diapers, worth 75c, at	37 1-2c
Infants' Pinning Blankets, worth \$1.00, at	50c
Infants' Soft Leather Shoes, worth 50c, at	25c

And many other items, all at HALF PRICE.

There will be in addition hundreds of items for small girls and boys, including Underwear, Hosiery, Leggings, Mittens, Hoods, Caps, Cloaks, etc.—**all at one-half price.**

Don't Let the Little Ones Go Cold. And bear in mind we give you your coupon rebates in good American coin. We sell nine items out of ten in the coupon fellows.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.